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Comrade KIM IL SUNG Receives

Letters from Many Countries on the 38th Founding Anniversary of the Anti-Japanese Guerilla Army

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements, received letters from many countries on the occasion of the 38th anniversary of the founding of the glorious Anti-Japanese Guerilla Army.

A letter from the attendants of the meeting of officers and men of the Security Army of the People's Republic of Southern Yemen in celebration of the 38th birthday of the Anti-Japanese Guerilla Army, says:

Your Excellency Premier founded on April 25, 1932 the Anti-Japanese Guerilla Army with progressive workers, peasants and patriotic youths, with the members of the Korean Revolutionary Army and of the Young Communist League and the Anti-Imperialist Youth League you had reared over a long period as its nuclear backbone.

With the founding of the Anti-Japanese Guerilla Army, the Korean people came to have for the first time in their history a genuine revolutionary army opposing imperialism and reactionary forces and defending the interests of the Korean nation.

Respected and beloved Your Excellency Premier established the glorious revolutionary traditions, the historical roots of socialist-communist revolution in Korea, in the flames of the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle.

Thanks to the glorious revolutionary traditions built up by respected and beloved Your Excellency Premier, the Korean people could found the Party and establish the political power without delay even under complex circumstances after liberation, successfully carry out a number of democratic reforms, found the Korean People's Army with the anti-Japanese revolutionary fighters as its backbone, consolidate as firm as a rock the revolutionary democratic base politically, economically and militarily in a short time, defeat the U.S. imperialists, the ringleader of world imperialism, and win a great victory in the Fatherland Liberation War, and powerfully push ahead with socialist revolution and socialist construction.

Your Excellency Premier, the respected and beloved Leader, are the great liberator of the Korean people, the radiant sun that rose in Korea and the iron-willed brilliant commander who created an immortal history. We infinitely respect Your Excellency Premier Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, as the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people and one of the outstanding leaders of the world revolutionary movement.

A letter from the members of the "Palestinian students' group for study of works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" in Cairo, writes:

We have made a very careful and profound study of the history of struggle of the great Korean people from the time you Comrade Kim Il Sung put forth a new revolutionary line based on the idea of *Juche* that an organised armed struggle should be waged relying on the strong standing armed forces rooted deep among the broad working masses under the banner of Marxism-Leninism.

We were deeply moved and struck with great admiration by the wise leadership of you Comrade Kim Il Sung who set forth such a revolutionary line on the basis of your scientific analysis of the political situation in Korea from the late 1920's to the early 1930's and the historical lessons of the preceding anti-Japanese national-liberation movement.

A wealth of experience of the Korean revolution accumulated under the personal leadership of you Comrade Kim Il Sung serves as a revolutionary example to be studied very carefully and profoundly by the peoples who study the historical lessons that will make a great contribution to opposing imperialism and colonialism and developing the national-liberation movement in the world and wage the national-liberation movement in all regions of the world in order to carry into practice the principles of internationalism.

A letter from Suresh Kosh, Secretary General of the West Bengal State Branch of the All India-Korea Friendship Association, reads:

The heroic anti-Japanese armed struggle organized and waged under your wise leadership was a great historic struggle that saved the destiny of your country.

This struggle displayed its might in dealing blows to the enemy and has become a source of great strength in expediting the unification of your country by exerting a revolutionary influence upon the masses of the people and mobilizing them to the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle.

A letter sent by Aminata Niaye, Secretary General of the Students' Committee of the Girls' High Normal School of Mali, in the name of the entire students, says:

The line of anti-Japanese armed struggle put forth by you was the solely correct revolutionary line run through with the steadfast idea of *Juche* that the Korean revolution should be accomplished independently with the strength and struggle of the Korean people themselves.

The line was also the most thorough-going anti-imperialist revolutionary line that counter-revolutionary violence should be met with revolutionary violence and armed counter-revolution can be defeated only by the armed struggle in the national-liberation struggle in colonies.

Indeed, the revolutionary traditions established by you Comrade Kim Il Sung in the period of the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle and your revolutionary history are the source of new strength, courage and confidence, revolutionary enthusiasm and wisdom not only to the entire Korean people but to the peoples who are struggling for their countries' independence and prosperity, the freedom and liberation of the people and for the cause of socialism-communism, and they are a textbook on revolution showing them the path to victory.

A letter adopted at the meeting sponsored by the Pakistan National Students' Federation in celebration of the 38th anniversary of the founding of the Anti-Japanese Guerilla Army, writes:

The 15-year-long anti-Japanese armed struggle led by you was an arduous and protracted struggle unparalleled in the history of the world revolution.

The liberated Korean people under your wise leadership won 17 years ago a great victory in the three-year-long Fatherland Liberation War and honourably defended the freedom and independence of their fatherland and their gains of revolution. After the war they have built on debris a prospering socialist paradise with the solid foundations of an independent national economy.

We assure Your Excellency that we, upholding the strategy of anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle put forth by you, the military strategist-genius, will fight on shoulder to shoulder with the brotherly Korean people on the anti-imperialist common front.

A letter from the attendants of the meeting sponsored by the Ceylon-People's Korea Friendship Association and the Ceylonese Committee for Study and Publication of Revolutionary Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung on the 38th anniversary of the founding of the Anti-Japanese Guerilla Army, says:

The heroic anti-Japanese armed struggle was, no doubt, a glorious struggle which dealt a heavy blow to Japanese imperialist colonial rule and led to the restoration of Korea and a great revolutionary struggle which grew the strong historical roots for the triumphant advance of the Korean revolution.

The anti-Japanese national-liberation movement of the Korean people and the communist movement could advance triumphantly and mount high on a country-wide scale under the revolutionary banner of Marxism-Leninism because you, the great Leader steeled in the ordeals of the revolutionary struggle and firmly armed with Marxist-Leninist theories, led them.

Invincible is the revolutionary cause of the Korean people who, holding aloft the revolutionary banner of Marxism-Leninism and united close under the wise leadership of you Comrade Kim Il Sung, are victoriously advancing for national unification and the ultimate victory of the cause of socialism-communism, inheriting and developing in a more all-round way the brilliant revolutionary traditions of the anti-Japanese armed struggle.

We, attendants of this meeting, whole-heartedly wish you Comrade Premier good health and a long life for the complete victory of revolution.

Final Charge to Scale All Heights of Seven-Year Plan before the Fifth Congress of WPK

Now the working people of our country are waging a fierce battle in the final charge for scaling all the heights of the Seven-Year Plan without fail before the historic Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea.

The whole country is seething like a boiling cauldron and an unprecedented upswing is being brought about in production and construction.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, taught as follows:

"...The situation now obtaining in our country demands of us to push ahead more energetically with the revolutionary struggle and construction work and further heighten the speed of advance, not rest content in the least with the already made successes. Our country has not yet been unified and the revolution has not been accomplished. Under such condition we should keep dashing forward vigorously, putting further spurs to galloping Chollima."

Our heroic working class and working people are dashing ahead like the wind, creating "Kangson speed," the new Chollima speed, and effecting innovations one after another, in active response to the instructions of the Leader and the militant call of the Party. In many economic branches they have already carried out with credit their plans set forth by the Fourth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea and built up monumental creations dedicated to the congress of the mother Party, thus further consolidating the foundations of our independent economy.

The steel makers of Kangson who created "Kangson speed," the new Chollima speed, at the beginning of the year by upping the daily steel output 2.4 times compared with last year have again raised the daily steel output 1.3 times as against early this year. They are now dashing forward at an accelerated tempo in the van of the nation.

Their example is being followed by the workers of factories and enterprises in all domains of the national economy throughout the country who are waging a fierce struggle to double production and construction, spurring on galloping Chollima.

The workers and technicians of the power station where Comrade Ryang Yong Gon works have increased the daily electricity output by 80 per cent as against the corresponding period of last year, or 20 per cent compared with that at the beginning of the year, by displaying mass heroism and waging a mass technical innovation movement. They had carried out the first half year plan, set markedly higher than last year's, at 110.8 per cent.

Now they are striving to produce more electricity, operating power generating equipment at full capacity.

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Steelmakers of the Chollima Kangson Steel Works are out in the last charge to scale the steel height of the Seven-Year Plan
Photo by Kim Hyong Jin

Brief History of the Revolutionary Activities of Comrade KIM IL SUNG (13)

The establishment of our Party was the priceless fruit of the untiring struggle of Comrade Kim Il Sung who had put forth all his energy for the foundation of a revolutionary Party since the days of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, and was a brilliant victory in the long-drawn struggle of the Korean Communists and working class under his leadership.

The foundation of our Party, a genuine Marxist-Leninist Party, was a great event that marked a historic turning-point in the development of the communist movement in our country and the Korean revolution as a whole. Moreover, the foundation of our Party was of tremendous significance in the development of the international communist movement and the world revolution.

From that time onward the Korean working class and people were able to victoriously pave the glorious way of the revolution under the leadership of a Marxist-Leninist Party, their vanguard detachment, the General Staff of the Korean revolution, headed by Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Following the foundation of the Party, Comrade Kim Il Sung exerted efforts to strengthen the Party organizationally and ideologically and rally the broad toiling masses around it.

Comrade Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"It is the decisive guarantee of victory both in the revolutionary struggle and the constructive work to build up the revolutionary forces, that is, to fortify the Party, the General Staff of the revolution, and rally the broad masses around it. In building up the revolutionary forces, it is the consistent line of our Party to consolidate the Party organizationally and ideologically through the practical struggle for revolution and construction, awaken the masses and win them over to the side of the revolution, to bring up all the Party members into revolutionaries through the nuclear role of the Communists tested in the long years of revolutionary struggle and to arm all the people with the revolutionary spirit through the nuclear role of the Party members."

In order to strengthen the Party Comrade Kim Il Sung, first of all, dealt a decisive blow to the factionalists and provincialists in the Party who had been in the way of carrying through the political and organizational lines of the Party, and gave guidance to strengthen the unity of the whole Party in thought and will on the basis of the unitary ideology of the Party, to strengthen the organizational discipline of the Party based upon the principle of democratic centralism, to improve the composition of the Party, to rapidly extend the Party ranks, and, at the same time, to strengthen the ties between the Party and the masses.

The Second and Third Enlarged Sessions of the Executive Committee of our Party held in November and December 1945 under the guidance of Comrade Kim Il Sung were of epoch-making significance in crushing the manoeuvres of the factionalists who hampered the carrying out of the political and organizational lines of the Party, in defending the Party's political line, establishing the system of the Party's organizational leadership, putting Party work on the right track, and boosting the fighting efficiency of the Party. Above all, the Third Enlarged Session of the Executive Committee took resolute measures for overcoming wrong organizational, political and ideological tendencies in the Party in accordance with the line set by Comrade Kim Il Sung. This brought about a great innovation in Party work and Party life, and the Party could develop as a really sound and powerful one.

Through the struggle for the fulfilment of the instructions given by Comrade Kim Il Sung at the Third Enlarged Session of the Executive Committee, the schismatic and provincialist manoeuvres and all liberalistic actions of the factionalists were hard hit, a well-regulated Party organizational system was set up from the centre of the Party down to the cells, the principle of democratic centralism was established, unity of the Party was strengthened, and the Party could find root deeper among the masses.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, while strengthening the Party organizationally and ideologically, strove energetically to rally the broad masses around it.

In his speech **"On Building Up a New Korea and on the United National Front,"** delivered to the responsible provincial Party workers on October 13, 1945, Comrade Kim Il Sung extensively elucidated the united front policy of the Party.

In this speech Comrade Kim Il Sung, scientifically prescribing the character and tasks of the Korean revolution, taught that with a view to building a Democratic People's Republic a united front should be formed with the participation of not only the working class and the peasantry but also all the other patriotic democratic forces including national capitalists and definitely clarified the fundamental principles to be observed by our Party in the united front movement.

He taught that within the united front the Communist Party should firmly maintain its independence and definitely play the leading role, and that the united front should in any case be based on the worker-peasant alliance led by the working class and rally the broadest possible patriotic democratic forces including even the national capitalists, and yet the principle of combining unity and struggle should be observed in forming an alliance with the national capitalists. And he emphasized that the united front had to be formed on all accounts according to the principle of uncompromising fight with the reactionary forces.

Clarifying the tasks arising in the united front movement, Comrade Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"The issue of building a new democratic Korea depends entirely upon whether we succeed or not in strengthening the Communist Party, forming a united national front, and rallying the broad masses around the Communist Party. Every member of the Communist Party must actively struggle to extend and strengthen the Party ranks continuously, to co-operate sincerely with associate parties, and to win over the broad masses."

Comrade Kim Il Sung's speech **"On Building Up a New Korea and on the United National Front"** represented a classical Marxist-Leninist document which gave perfect answers to the questions of principle arising in the work of winning over the masses, particularly to the strategic and tactical problems posed in the united front movement; it served as a programmatic guide, a powerful theoretical and practical weapon of the Party for winning over the broad masses.

With a view to rallying the broad masses around the Party, Comrade Kim Il Sung personally directed the work of founding such organizations surrounding the Party as the Trade Union, the Peasants' Union, the Democratic Youth League, and the Democratic Women's Union, and rallied millions of toiling people in organizations within a short length of time.

Particularly, it was of great significance for the strengthening of the revolutionary forces to rally the broad sections of the youth firmly around the Party by reorganizing the Young Communist League into the Democratic Youth League.

Right after the liberation, the youth movement was very complex. The reactionaries at home resorted to every possible manoeuvre to split and disrupt the youth movement by forming all sorts of reactionary youth organizations, and each of the various political parties was striving to draw over young people under it. But the Young Communist League organizations embraced a very small number of young people within limited circles.

If such a state of affairs was left alone, a large number of young people could possibly be drawn away by the reactionaries, not to mention the fact that the youth movement could be split.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, having seen through this grave situation, clearly explained the position and role of the youth in the revolution, and put forward the sagacious line of reorganizing the Young Communist League into the Democratic Youth League under the slogan: "Patriotic youth, unite under the banner of democracy!"

This line set forth by him was a most correct and original one mapped out on the basis of the rich experiences he had accumulated in personally organizing and directing the youth movement from his early years of revolutionary activities and on the basis of a scientific analysis of the character and tasks of our revolution and the class positions of the youth from various walks of life after the liberation, and the peculiarities of the development of the youth movement in our country. Nevertheless, the factionalists and dogmatists, who did not have even the elementary understanding of and experience in the youth movement, hampered the realization of the line, bluntly calling it a "Right deviation of the Party" or a "retrogression of the youth movement."

Even the persistent obstructive manoeuvres of the anti-Party factionalists could not impede the onward movement of the masses of the youth who had risen in pursuance of the correct line of Comrade Kim Il Sung. Under the personal guidance of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the work of reorganizing the Young Communist League into the Democratic Youth League made headway successfully, frustrating all manner of obstructive manoeuvres of the anti-Party factionalists and dogmatists.

The Korean Democratic Youth League was founded on January 17, 1946, guided by the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung and carrying forward the brilliant revolutionary traditions of the youth movement established by him. In this way, broad sections of the patriotic youth, rallied still firmer around the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, could participate more actively in the struggle to build up a new country.

In accordance with the united front policy of the Party set forth by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the work of strengthening the unity in action with the democratic political parties was also pushed forward actively.

Thus, the United Democratic National Front, which embraced the masses of all walks of life on the basis of the worker-peasant alliance led by the working class, was successfully realized.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, while founding the Party and building up the revolutionary forces, organized and directed the work of setting up, consolidating and developing the people's government, the powerful weapon of the revolution.

It was indispensable to smash the old ruling machine of Japanese imperialism and establish a new people's government in order to suppress the resistance of the enemy, successfully carry out the socio-economic reforms for ensuring welfare and democratic freedom and rights to the entire people, build up the northern half into a powerful base for the Korean revolution and continue to drive the revolution forward.

Immediately after the liberation, however, the work of establishing the people's government, too, did not proceed smoothly. The Right and Left opportunists threw obstacles in the way of establishment of a genuine people's government, clamouring for a bourgeois republic or a government of the proletarian dictatorship.

Comrade Kim Il Sung crushed these manoeuvres of the Right and Left opportunists and creatively solved the question of setting up a people's government on the basis of the original line on the people's revolutionary government he had set forth and the wealth of experiences he had accumulated in the struggle for the materialization of it back in the days of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, and on the basis of a scientific analysis of the situation in our country immediately after the liberation.

Comrade Kim Il Sung led our people to thoroughly demolish the old colonial ruling machine of Japanese imperialism and to set up people's committees in every nook and corner of the country and, on this basis, established the North Korean Provisional People's Committee, a new form of government, in February 1946.

Comrade Kim Il Sung was elected Chairman of the North Korean Provisional People's Committee.

The North Korean Provisional People's Committee was a government which had inherited the brilliant revolutionary traditions of the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle, a genuine people's government relying upon the United Democratic National Front which embraced the broad anti-imperialist, anti-feudal democratic forces on the basis of the worker-peasant alliance under the leadership of the working class, a government which carried out the functions of the people's democratic dictatorship. It was the basic task of this government to fulfil the tasks of the anti-imperialist, anti-feudal democratic revolution and create a revolutionary democratic base in the northern half.

As a result of the establishment of the North Korean Provisional People's Committee as a new form of government by Comrade Kim Il Sung the question of power, the fundamental question of the revolution, was brilliantly solved in our country, and our people became proud masters of power, who came to hold a powerful weapon of revolution and construction firmly in their hands.

The establishment of the North Korean Provisional People's Committee was of great significance in fulfilling the tasks of the anti-imperialist, anti-feudal democratic revolution and creating the revolutionary democratic base of the northern half and, on this basis, setting up later a unified all-Korea government and winning the nationwide victory of the revolution.

Comrade Kim Il Sung published the Eleven-Point Immediate Tasks and the Twenty-Point Platform, which embodied the Party's political line and specified the tasks of the people's government.

In those Tasks and Platform he put forward the tasks of cleaning up the remnants of Japanese imperialism and feudal customs and assuring democratic liberties and rights in all fields of social life, building up the government bodies more solidly through democratic elections, carrying out the democratic reforms including the land reform and the nationalization of industries, introducing universal compulsory education and establishing the public educational system, and of assuring by the state the development of science, culture, arts, health services, etc.

The Twenty-Point Platform was a platform of a thoroughgoing anti-imperialist, anti-feudal democratic revolution, a further embodiment and development of the Ten-Point Programme of the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland, which he himself had drawn up in the days of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, and became the banner of struggle to the entire people in North and South Korea for the unification, independence and democratization of the country.

AMONG THE PEOPLE

"You Should Wipe Out the U.S. Imperialist Aggressors to the Last Man"

Kim Yo Hong

(Continued from Our Previous Issue No. 30)

He also asked the other Heroes sitting by him to tell their battle stories. Having heard out our stories one by one, he noted with satisfaction that we had accumulated fine experiences in various kinds of battles—attack, retreat and fighting behind the enemy line—and those experiences would serve us as valuable assets in the future battles.

He then asked us about our views on the prospects of the war.

At this a comrade rose from his chair promptly and replied:

"It seems the war is going to be rather protracted, because we are fighting the aggressor armies of 16 countries led by the U.S. imperialists. But we People's Armymen and the people under the leadership of our Party and the respected and beloved Comrade Supreme Commander can surely rout the U.S. imperialists and win victory."

When he finished, Comrade Supreme Commander said:

"Our People's Armymen and the people, closely rallied as one around the Party, will certainly vanquish the enemy and win the ultimate victory. However, we will have to undergo harder trials in future to win victory. This is the point I want to speak to you today."

He went on to say:

...But for the Yankee rascals we would have liberated the whole territory of the southern half and unified our fatherland in the stage of the counter-offensive.

But owing to the desperate attack made by the U.S. imperialists by throwing in all of their Pacific armed forces and even part of their Mediterranean forces unbalance in the relations of forces was created between us and the enemy on the front.

We were thus compelled to evacuate that vast area of the southern half of the fatherland we had liberated at the cost of our blood, and the just Fatherland Liberation War of our people has come to go through long and painful ordeals....

Emphasizing that U.S. imperialism is the inveterate enemy of the Korean people, an enemy who has been up to vicious manoeuvrings to invade Korea ever since the 1860's, Comrade Supreme Commander continued:

...You must not hope that U.S. imperialism will take its hands off Korea and withdraw of its own accord. There has been no instance yet of imperialism quitting the historical arena of itself. Particularly, U.S. imperialism is the chieftain of world reaction, and its history is a history of aggression and plunder.

The enemy was crushed and humbled to the dust, but is still overrunning the southern half of our fatherland, trying madly to achieve his aggressive designs by all means.

We cannot yield even an inch of land to the enemy. We should deal an annihilating blow to him at any cost and liberate the southern half of the country without fail. As long as U.S. imperialism remains, our fatherland cannot be unified nor can our people enjoy a happy life.

We must wipe out the U.S. imperialist aggressors to the last man who are watching for a chance to get the better of us.

This very weighty task rests on your shoulders....

His words instilled in us the fighting spirit to pound on the enemy all the more mercilessly and wipe him out till his final downfall, as well as confidence in sure victory.

He inquired with a particular concern about the life of us fighters on the front, and acquired a detailed grasp of how we were leading Party life, conducted political study, learned the current news, how many copies of newspapers and booklets we were receiving and whether we read them in good time.

Having learned about our life, Comrade Supreme Commander attended to even such matters as we could hardly think of and solved knotty problems one by one.

"I guess there must be more hard problems confronting you..." he said repeatedly, looking round at us.

I felt a lump in my throat as I looked up at him.

And there came afresh to my mind the earnest request my comrades-in-arms made to me when I was leaving the front. At that moment, he said again:

"Come on! Speak out please... How can that be all the bottlenecks that there are on the front?"

So, I rose from the seat to convey him the sincere regards from my comrades-in-arms which I had found no chance to convey till then.

"Comrade Supreme Commander! We have nothing to worry about. The combatants on the front only wish you Comrade Supreme Commander a long life and good health.

"Comrades-in-arms unanimously asked us to convey their best wishes to you Comrade Supreme Commander, when we were leaving the front."

When I said this, Comrade Supreme Commander did not say a word for a while, gazing at the distant sky. Then he said in a gentle voice:

"I am quite all right thanks to the concern shown for me by our combatants on the front. When you are back to your units, please tell them that the Central Committee of our Party believes our combatants on the front will, in future too, continue to display courage in battle with the enemy for the fatherland and the people...."

Listening to him I felt in my heart his warm love for and deep trust in the soldiers, and could speak no more to him, a lump standing in my throat.

Now Comrade Supreme Commander said: "These comrades ought to have gifts!" And he called each of us by name and handed out tommy guns inscribed with: "Wipe out the U.S. imperialist aggressors" and each of our names.

I fail to find words to describe all what I felt at that time.

Looking at us who were standing deeply moved each with a tommy gun in hands, Comrade Supreme Commander said:

"These guns are soaked through with the precious sweat and blood of many revolutionary forerunners and people of this country. And they carry the demand of the Party and the aspiration of the people to annihilate the enemy, defend the fatherland and, particularly, to liberate the people in the southern half who are still languishing under the yoke of the U.S. imperialist aggressors. With these guns you must wipe out the U.S. imperialist aggressors to the last man."

"We serve the fatherland!" said we loudly, holding the gun firmly in our hands, to express our fidelity to the Party and the Leader. We vowed to ourselves:

"Comrade Supreme Commander! we will prove ourselves worthy of the deep trust and expectation of you Comrade Supreme Commander at all costs!"

That evening we had dinner in his company.

He invited us to the table, saying:

"Come on, take a seat, all of you!"

We all saf around the table together with several leading cadres of the Supreme Headquarters, centering around Comrade Supreme Commander.

He took a glance over the foods served out on the table and said:

"It's a pity the meal is humble. If you were back home, your mothers would be so glad to see you sons back from the front and would prepare dainties to your liking. But I am afraid our meal is not up to much...." So saying, he personally brought plates closer to us. Words fail me to describe how moved we were at that time.

What shall we do to repay the warm affection of the fatherly Leader!

Feeling our hearts full of emotion, we could hardly bring ourselves to eat.

Seeing this, he said:

"Help yourselves, please. I feel sorry if you don't take much, don't I?" And this time he took and placed bowls of noodles in front of us.

We were all moved to tears by his love warmer than that of our own flesh and blood.

We even drank a toast, our cups filled personally by him.

How could I express all my feeling of joy and honour at that time!

Comrade Supreme Commander ran his affectionate eyes over us while we were eating and toasting in a joyful, happy mood, and said:

"You like to chant songs while fighting on the front, don't you? Now, favour me with your favourite song, will you?"

We sang the "Song of General Kim Il Sung" at first. Then the cadres present there and we sang in turn in the order as seated.

When we all finished, he said with a laugh, "So it's my turn now, isn't it?"

Then, he added: "We used to sing this song, too, when we were waging the anti-Japanese guerilla struggle before." and started singing it for us:

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Our People and People's Army Will Annihilate the U.S. Imperialist Aggressors Completely Should They Ignite a New War in Korea

Li O Song,
Lieutenant General of the Korean People's Army

Today the entire Korean people and men and officers of the Korean People's Army commemorate the 17th anniversary of the victory in the great Fatherland Liberation War under the grandiose circumstances where the whole country is seething with a high degree of the revolutionary enthusiasm with the historic Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea at hand, and the flames of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle are blazing fiercely everywhere in the world.

On July 27, 1953, seventeen years ago, under the outstanding leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, military strategist-genius and ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander, the Korean people and People's Army brought the U.S. imperialist aggressors to kneel down before the Korean people, after having inflicted the irretrievable and ignominious defeat, military and political, upon them.

Commemorating this day, our people and People's Army, with a greater pride and self-confidence befitting a victor, are filled with a firm resolve to remain infinitely loyal to the great Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung who has led them all along to the one road of victory and glory, and to fight on more vigorously, upholding his teachings, so as to accomplish the cause of national unification and world revolution.

The war unleashed by the U.S. imperialists in Korea was the most brutal and shameless aggressive war the like of which is hardly to be found in the history of mankind, and it was a life-and-death struggle affecting the destiny of our fatherland.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, said:

"The war imposed upon us by U.S. imperialism and its pawns was the sternest trial for our Party and our people. Under the leadership of the Party, our people overcame this trial with honour. In the hard-fought war against the formidable enemy, our Party, with the destiny of the country on its shoulders, organized and mobilized the people to the sacred struggle for annihilating the enemy, and our people fought gallantly, regardless of sacrifices, for victory in the war in response to the call of the Party." (Kim Il Sung, *Selected Works*, Vol. IV, pp. 288-89.)

In order to realize their vicious aggressive aims the U.S. imperialists hurled into the Korean front huge armed forces over 2 million strong including one-third of their ground forces, one-fifth of their air force and the greater part of their Pacific Fleet and the troops of 15 satellite countries and South Korean puppet troops, plus large quantities of up-to-date combat equipment, and resorted to the most barbaric methods and means of warfare which were never known in the war history.

No efforts on the part of the U.S. imperialist aggressors, however, could subdue our people who were under the wise leadership of the Leader and rose in a heroic struggle in response to his call.

The great Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and military strategist-genius, energetically organized and mobilized our people and People's Army for victory in the war to defend the fatherland, carrying on his own shoulders all the

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In the vast thick forests of Mt. Paekdu at night,
Gazing upon the moon shining silverly bright,
I feel sick for my homeland.
O, I will devote my all to the revolution
And restore my fatherland without fail.

The song of Comrade Supreme Commander stirred us down to the depths of our hearts.

And a clear image came to life in my mind's eye, the image of Comrade Supreme Commander who had beaten the Japanese imperialist robbers, operating with preternatural swiftness across the thick forests of Mt. Paekdu and the vast plains of Manchuria only for the liberation of the fatherland over 15 long years.

And I deeply realized once again how precious the fatherland is, the fatherland which he had restored for us at the cost of blood crossing the death line, leading the anti-Japanese guerillas.

Now I got some idea of what his song really meant.

Surely he sang the song for us to inculcate in our mind the idea that we should defend with our very lives the dear fatherland restored at the cost of blood against the armed aggression by the U.S. imperialists and liberate the southern half of our fatherland by all means which was still under the heel of the enemy!

Going over the song he sang for us line by line in my mind I vowed to myself:

"Even if I die fighting the enemy, I will wipe out the sworn enemy U.S. imperialist aggressors to the last man with the gun given me by Comrade Supreme Commander, and defend my beloved fatherland!

"I will devote myself to the cause of the revolution for restoring a half of the territory of my fatherland!"

When we bade farewell to our respected and beloved Comrade Supreme Commander and went back to the front, a fierce battle was at its height to shatter the enemy's desperate "summer offensive."

Our dear comrades-in-arms gave us warm hugs on the height wrapped in the flames of the fierce battle when we were back carrying with us the greetings of our respected and beloved Comrade Supreme Commander.

Furious battles were fought day in, day out. The enemy doggedly kept up attacks under cover of planes and tanks in spite of the dead piled up in heaps. But there was nothing to fear, for we had received fresh inspiration and encouragement from Comrade Supreme Commander. I pumped deadly bullets at the hated enemy, holding firmly in my hands the gun, a gift from Comrade Supreme Commander.

And I availed myself of lulls in the battle to make a round of trenches to convey his words to the combatants.

When my comrades-in-arms were informed of the earnest words of Comrade Supreme Commander, their courage redoubled and when they learnt of the song Comrade Supreme Commander had personally sung for us, they wrote down the words of the song in their notebook in earnest.

During lulls of fierce battles, we incised on the face of rocks the words "For the Party and the Leader! For the Fatherland and the People!" or inscribed tree trunks with: "Don't yield even an inch of land to the enemy" and "Wipe out the U.S. imperialist aggressors to the last man!"

Those inscriptions represented our fiery oath of single-hearted fidelity to the Party and the Leader. The fiercer battles we fought and the more difficulties we encountered, the more we thought of the earnest teachings of Comrade Supreme Commander and the fresher energies we derived from them to pull through all difficulties.

In this way we, keeping his words deep in mind, frustrated the enemies' desperate "summer offensive" and "autumn offensive" successfully, giving wholesale deaths to them.

After that, too, I, always holding firmly in my hands the gun I received from Comrade Supreme Commander as a gift, wiped out the enemy mercilessly in every battle and, at last, greeted victory in the great Fatherland Liberation War.

* * *

Many years have already passed since I met Comrade Supreme Commander. I, then an assistant squad leader, am now a commanding officer in charge of a unit.

But our fatherland has not yet been unified, and the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the sworn enemy of our people, are still occupying the southern half of the fatherland, insidiously watching for a chance to invade the northern half of the Republic.

That is why I am standing guard vigilantly at the outpost of the fatherland today, bearing deep in mind the remarks which Comrade Supreme Commander made and the words of the song he sang for us during the Fatherland Liberation War and holding the gun ever more firmly as a soldier being a match for a hundred, in order to wipe out the U.S. imperialist aggressors to the last man and liberate the southern half of the fatherland.

(The End)

Immortal Works of Comrade KIM IL SUNG,

the Great Leader of the 40 Million Korean People and the Outstanding Marxist-Leninist,

Widely Introduced in Foreign Countries

"Let Us Intensify the Anti-Imperialist, Anti-U.S. Struggle" and "Great Anti-Imperialist Revolutionary Cause of Asian, African and Latin American Peoples Is Invincible," the immortal, brilliant works of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, the great Marxist-Leninist and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements, are evoking greater repercussions throughout the world with each passing day.

These works have been extensively put out in book form or carried in various publications in many countries of the world.

According to reports, the Ceylonese papers **Srilager** and **Dinapathi** and the **Annual Journal** of the Foreign Students' Union of Colombo University in Ceylon, the Southern Yemeni army journal **Jundi**, the Indian paper **Nawan Jamana** and the Indian journal **New Age**, the French journal **Afrique et Asia**, the Sudanese paper **Al Ahrar**, the Lebanese papers **Al Muharrir** and **Al Rayu**, the U.S.A. paper **Mohammed Speaks**, the Burmese journal **Oway**, the Cyprian paper **Haravghi** and many other papers and publications of the world respectfully carried the portraits of Comrade Kim Il Sung and published recently the full text or gist of his brilliant work "Let Us Intensify the Anti-Imperialist, Anti-U.S. Struggle." The Chilean paper **Ultima Hora** gave the full text of this treatise with the portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung carried respectfully.

The Ceylon Anti-Imperialist Youth Front put out his work in book form. The book carried respectfully the portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung.

In its preface it said:

"Let Us Intensify the Anti-Imperialist, Anti-U.S. Struggle," the immortal work of Comrade Kim Il Sung, in which he elucidated the line of anti-imperialist struggle on the basis of his sharp insight into and correct Marxist-Leninist analysis of the present world situation and his rich experiences accumulated in the struggle against imperialism, is a valuable document that was put out at the most opportune time and serves as a programmatic guide.

The Lebanese paper **Al Muharrir** wrote in its preface:

This work of Comrade Kim Il Sung not only serves as a powerful ideological and theoretical weapon to the Korean people who are fighting for the nationwide victory of the Korean revolution and the final victory of socialism but also is evoking widespread repercussions throughout the world and gripping the hearts of more and more people of the world with each passing day.

According to other reports, the Tanzanian National Publishing House and the Nepal-Korea Friendship Association put out in book form the work "Great Anti-Imperialist Revolutionary Cause of Asian, African and Latin American Peoples Is Invincible" authored personally by Comrade Kim Il Sung, carrying his portraits respectfully. The Ceylonese paper **Lankadipa** and weekly **Wanida** and the Lebanese paper **Al Shaab** respectfully carried his portraits and gave the full text of his work.

"Let Us Intensify the Anti-Imperialist, Anti-U.S. Struggle," the work of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements, put out in book form in Denmark

(Continued from Page 3)

Party work and government and military affairs, all work at the front and in the rear, as Chairman of the Military Commission and Supreme Commander of the Korean People's Army.

Comrade Kim Il Sung made a full-scale analysis of the unjust character of the aggressive war waged by the U.S. imperialists, of their vulnerability and their weak points in military strategy, the politico-moral excellence of our People's Army which inherited the revolutionary traditions of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, of the inexhaustible strength of our people rallied close around the Party and the Leader and of the invincible vitality of the social system of our country. On this basis he mapped out the brilliant strategic and tactical lines in each period, at each stage of the war, and led the entire people and People's Army to their implementation.

Moreover, Comrade Kim Il Sung created active forms and methods of struggle such as tunnel warfare, nocturnal warfare, raids, aircraft-hunters' and tank-hunters' movements, activity of mobile guns and snipers' movement and thus led us to overpower completely the enemy's numerical and technical superiority with the politico-ideological and strategic and tactical supremacy on our part.

The pre-eminent leadership of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung constituted the decisive guarantee that rendered it possible for our heroic people and People's Army to fight down the U.S. imperialist aggressors.

Our people and People's Army under the Leader's distinguished guidance displayed matchless patriotic devotion, mass heroism and indomitable fighting spirit in the decisive battles against the foe, shattered the armed invasion by world reaction led by U.S. imperialism and won the great victory.

The peoples of the socialist countries and all the progressive peoples of the world gave active support and encouragement to our just struggle during the grim period of the Fatherland Liberation War.

The staggering blow dealt by our people and People's Army caused heavy casualties and losses to the enemy in the three-year-long war. The enemy lost more than 1,093,800 men including over 397,000 U.S. imperialist aggressor troops and a colossal amount of combat and technical equipment including more than 12,200 airplanes and 560-odd warships and vessels, big and small.

The losses the U.S. imperialists sustained in the Korean war were nearly 2.3 times as much as those they had suffered in the four-year-long Pacific War during the Second World War both in manpower and combat and technical equipment.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"The victory of our people in the Korean war was a victory of the revolutionary people over the imperialist reactionary forces, a victory of the revolutionary army over the aggressive armed forces of imperialism. It proved that a people who, taking their destiny into their own hands under the leadership of a Marxist-Leninist Party, have risen up for freedom, independence and progress, can never be conquered by any imperialist forces of aggression. It also revealed the vulnerability and corruptness of U.S. imperialism and showed the oppressed nations of the world that U.S. imperialism is not an unconquerable enemy and that they can fight it down.

"In the Korean war, the U.S. imperialists suffered a miserable military defeat for the first time in the history of the United States, and this meant the beginning of a downhill turn for U.S. imperialism." (Ibid., p. 289.)

The victory won by the Korean people in the fateful war against the U.S. imperialist aggressors was indeed a victory for the great revolutionary ideas and brilliant strategy and tactics of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander, a victory for his outstanding leadership.

Our triumph in the Fatherland Liberation War fully demonstrated before the whole world that invincible are our people and People's Army enjoying the leadership of the great Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung, and it confirmed the fact that small countries can also defeat an arch enemy if they rise up courageously and fight establishing *Juche* and rallying the masses of the people, not flinching from sacrifices.

By winning a great victory in the Fatherland Liberation War, our people humbled the pride of the U.S. imperialists who had boasted of being the "strongest" in the world, burst the myth about their "mightiness" to smithereens, foiled the aggressive attempts of the U.S. imperialists who were threatening the socialist countries, firmly defended the eastern outpost of socialism and contributed greatly to developing onto a new stage the anti-imperialist, national-liberation movement of the oppressed peoples of the whole world.

The cessation of hostilities in Korea marked a step toward the peaceful solution of the Korean question.

But the U.S. imperialists, instead of drawing proper lessons from their ignominious defeat in the Korean war, have been intent on launching a new war of aggression in Korea, while hampering the peaceful solution of the Korean question by hook or by crook.

They established the most reactionary, fascist military dictatorship in South Korea and have arrested and imprisoned at random the revolutionaries and patriotic people fighting for independent national unification and brutally killed them.

(Continued on Page 5)

"Long Live Comrade KIM IL SUNG, the Great Leader of the 40 Million Korean People and One of the Outstanding Leaders of the International Communist and Working-Class Movements!"

Brilliant Revolutionary Activities and Immortal Exploits of Comrade KIM IL SUNG Highly Praised in Many Countries of the World

The infinite adoration of and trust in Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements, is continuously voiced extensively in many countries of the world.

Recently, publications of many countries carried a number of articles in praise of his great revolutionary activities.

Exploits of Comrade KIM IL SUNG Are Recorded in Letters of Gold in World History

According to a report from New Delhi, many Indian publications gave articles in high appraisal of the revolutionary activities and precious exploits of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, who is leading the Korean people along the one road of victory and glory, happiness and prosperity, and respectfully carried his portraits.

An Indian newspaper in its article extended heart-felt congratulations to the iron-willed brilliant commander Comrade Kim Il Sung and mentioned the dazzling successes made by the Korean people in all domains of socialist revolution and socialist construction under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The article stressed that the exploits performed by Comrade Kim Il Sung in the struggle for the independence and prosperity of the country are recorded in letters of gold in world history.

The weekly **Jewara** pointed out that the modern history of Korea is unthinkable apart from the revolutionary activities of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people. It detailed the childhood and early revolutionary activities of Marshal Kim Il Sung and the anti-Japanese armed struggle organized and waged under his personal leadership.

The newspaper **Sakush** carried an editorial in praise of the revolutionary activities of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of revolution.

The editorial pointed out that the anti-imperialist peoples of the whole world as well as the 40 million Korean people respect the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and stressed that the great revolutionary ideology of Comrade Kim Il Sung inspires the progressive peoples of the whole world.

Another Indian paper published an editorial and an article in praise of the revolutionary activities of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader and an outstanding Marxist-Leninist.

Referring to the fact that Comrade Kim Il Sung has made all efforts for the development of the Korean revolution and the world communist movement for 40-odd years now, the editorial pointed out:

The revolutionary ideology of Comrade Kim Il Sung has brought about a new turn in the development of the international communist movement. That is why the world people respect and revere him as a genuine Communist and a revolutionary and as the revolutionary Leader of the world working class.

We avail ourselves of this opportunity to wish him good health and a long life.

The bulletin published by the West Bengal Branch of the All India-Korea Friendship Association respectfully carried a portrait of the great Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung and published an article praising his revolutionary activities.

The bulletin related his 40-odd-year-long revolutionary activities and emphasized that it is a boundless happiness and glory for the Korean Communists and the world revolutionary peoples to copy after the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung who is possessed of scientific revolutionary theories, has accumulated rich experiences and has the outstanding ability of leadership and high virtues and has led the Korean people along the one road of glory breaking through the storm of revolution for a long time, and to live and fight as his loyal soldiers upholding his leadership.

The Indian weekly **Mewad** also gave an article in praise of the revolutionary activities of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

According to a report from Singapore, Singapore newspapers carried respectfully portraits of the great Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung and published articles in praise of his revolutionary activities.

The newspaper **Eastern Sun** carried an article entitled "Long live Marshal Kim Il Sung!" written in red bold letters and **Hsingchou Ribao** and **Min Pao** also carried articles introducing the history of the revolutionary activities of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

According to a report from Katmandu, the Nepalese newspaper **Pasa Patrika** introduced the brilliant successes made by the Korean people in the revolution and construction under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader. It wrote:

It is attributable entirely to the leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people and peerless patriot, national hero and ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander, that the Korean people have become able to lead a happy life in the earthly paradise.

Today the broad world public boundlessly respect and adore the respected and beloved Leader Premier Kim Il Sung as the sun of Korea, the hero of the 20th century and one of the greatest and most outstanding leaders of the world people at the present times.

In conclusion, the newspaper stressed that it, together with the broad world public, sincerely wishes Premier Kim Il Sung good health and a long life.

The Road of Struggle for the Peoples of Colonial and Dependent Countries and New-born Independent States Illumined by Premier KIM IL SUNG Is the Most Correct One

According to a report from Algiers, the Algerian newspaper **Al Shaab** carried an article introducing the history of the glorious and brilliant struggle of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, his great revolutionary ideology and the sagacity of his leadership.

The article pointed out that Comrade Kim Il Sung was born in a patriotic and revolutionary family which had fought for the independence of the country and the freedom and liberation of the people from generation to generation, and detailed the 40-odd-year-long history of his glorious and brilliant revolutionary activities.

The newspaper noted that Premier Kim Il Sung showed the road of struggle to the peoples of the colonial and dependent countries and the peoples of the newborn independent states and went on:

Premier Kim Il Sung taught that it is an immovable law of all revolutions that the humiliated and oppressed people win their liberation for themselves.

He also taught that to attain genuine freedom and national independence, the peoples of the newborn independent countries must continue to fight resolutely against imperialism and carry out the national-liberation revolution to the end.

The newspaper stressed that this line of struggle set forth by Premier Kim Il Sung is entirely right.

According to a report from Rangoon, the Burmese newspapers **Oway, Guardian** and **Hanthawaddy** published articles praising the exploits of the great Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung together with photographs showing the history of his revolutionary activities.

In the foreword, the newspaper **Guardian** pointed out that Premier Kim Il Sung has led the Korean revolution to victory in the whole period up to date since he set out on the road of revolution. It wrote:

It was precisely during this historical period that the original revolutionary theories leading the Korean revolution along the straight road to victory were created and Korea has become the cradleland of *Juche* where the great revolutionary ideology of Premier Kim Il Sung has found its embodiment.

Premier Kim Il Sung's revolutionary ideology and theories mark the highest stage in the development of Marxism-Leninism and thoughts of mankind and are the great ideology of the times which has opened a period of radical turn in the revolutionary struggle of the exploited and oppressed peoples of the whole world and in the building of socialism and communism. That is why today the revolutionary peoples of the whole world regard Premier Kim Il Sung's great revolutionary ideology and revolutionary theories as the beacon of hope and the textbook of struggle.

According to a report from Bagdad, the Iraqi newspaper **Al Thoura** carried an article in high praise of the sagacity of the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

The paper referred to the immortal exploits of Comrade Kim Il Sung who has led the Korean revolution to victory in the period from the early days of his revolutionary activities up to date.

According to a report from Rawalpindi, the Pakistani newspaper **Tameer** respectfully carried a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements, and introduced his 40-odd-year-long revolutionary activities. It stressed:

He is a great Marxist-Leninist of modern times who is making a theoretical and practical contribution to the development of the world revolution and a steadfast anti-imperialist revolutionary fighter. Today he enjoys boundless respect and trust from the Korean people and the oppressed masses for his outstanding contribution to the international revolutionary movement.

Berkeley Tribe, a progressive American newspaper, carried an article introducing the revolutionary activities of the great Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung together with his portrait respectfully carried.

(Continued from Page 4)

The U.S. imperialists, in wanton violation of the Armistice Agreement, have shipped into South Korea the tactical nuclear weapons, guided missiles and other weapons of mass destruction in large quantities, building or expanding on a large scale military bases and installations there.

Not only that. The rascals have been staging all kinds of war exercises on the ground and sea of South Korea almost everyday. To name a few: a large-scale "landing operation," "large-scale mobile exercise" and "exercise on the map" under the simulated conditions of attack against the northern half of the Republic.

The grave acts of military provocation of the U.S. imperialists against the DPRK have become all the more frequent in recent years.

The U.S. imperialists infiltrated their armed spy ship "Pueblo" deep into our territorial waters in 1968, a large spy plane "EC-121" into our territorial air in 1969 and recently another armed spy ship "I-2" into the territorial waters off our western coast.

More, the violations of the Armistice Agreement—armed raids, gun firing, rifle shooting— numbered more than 5,100 cases. These incidents took place in the area along the Military Demarcation Line from January to mid-June this year.

Then one has a picture only too strikingly similar to that of 1950 when the U.S. imperialists ignited the aggressive war against our country.

Worse still, the U.S. imperialists today are openly trying to use the Japanese militarists as "shock troops" in their new aggressive war against the Korean people.

The U.S. imperialists brought Japanese militarism and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique into compact for a bilateral military agreement. This means the virtual formation of a "U.S.-Japan-ROK tripartite military alliance." And the Japanese militarists, on their part, already mapped out the plans for an aggressive war against our country, even kicking up a row of military exercise.

With no amount of clamours for war or threat, can the U.S. imperialists frighten our people.

The great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung declared as follows:

"If the U.S. imperialists and their stooges unleash a new war against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in the end in defiance of the patient efforts of our people to prevent war and maintain peace and the unanimous condemnation of the peace-loving people of the world, the Korean people will rise as one in a sacred war to safeguard their beloved country and revolutionary gains and will completely annihilate the aggressors." ("Answers to Questions Raised by Foreign Journalists," pp. 117-18.)

The U.S. imperialists must not cut up rough, looking straight at realities.

Our people and People's Army will never tolerate the aggressors who encroach on the sovereignty of our fatherland but will give them a hundred-fold, a thousand-fold deaths.

Today our people have become incomparably mightier than at the time when the U.S. imperialists attempted to stamp out our Republic in the cradle.

No force on earth can check our advance toward national unification and nation-wide victory of the revolution.

In the van of our revolution stands the great Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and military strategist-genius, who led us to the victories both in the arduous anti-Japanese armed struggle and the Fatherland Liberation War and still leads our people and People's Army to victory and glory.

We have at the head of our revolution the Workers' Party of Korea, the General Staff of the revolution, which was founded by Comrade Kim Il Sung, as well as the people's government, a powerful weapon for the revolution. And the masses of the people have attained rock-firm unity and cohesion on the basis of the great revolutionary ideas of the Leader.

Moreover, we have made the material and military preparations to the fullest extent.

The Party's revolutionary line of carrying on economic construction and defence upbuilding in parallel has been carried through, with the result that the foundations of an independent national economy, the material guarantee for reinforcing the defence capacity, have been further solidified, and our People's Army, firmly armed with the Leader's great revolutionary ideas, has grown into the invincible revolutionary armed forces fully equipped with modern military science and techniques and up-to-date military and technical equipment.

We now can say with firm conviction that in the northern half of the Republic we have fostered the impregnable defence capacity to cope fully with any imperialist aggression.

The revolutionary forces of South Korea are also rapidly gaining in strength and scope in the crucible of the anti-U.S. imperialist, national-salvation struggle.

The fierce anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle is being waged in Vietnam, Laos, Cambodia and many other countries of Asia; the storm of the revolution is raging everywhere in the world.

Under the unfurled banner of anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle our people will vigorously fight on for independent national unification and the nation-wide victory of the Korean revolution, for the victory of the world revolution in unity with socialist countries and all the revolutionary peoples of the world.

The U.S. imperialists are bound to be chased out of South Korea and thus the unification of Korea be realized in the end by the struggle of the North and South Korean people who are enjoying the active support from the revolutionary peoples of the whole world.

Height 1211—Hero-Height

"Why was the battle on Height 1211 important in the last Fatherland Liberation War? The great significance of this battle lay in the fact that the defense of this height led to the steadfast implementation of the Party's important strategic line of yielding not an inch of land to the enemy. If we had ceded Height 1211, we should have lost many other heights and moved back scores of ri. We were not to give up this important strategic point. Therefore, we defended Height 1211 sacrificially." (Kim Il Sung, *Selection of Works*, Vol. V, pp. 503-504.)

Height 1211 which soars up into the sky in our eastern sector of the front, is widely known to the world as the hero-height where the heroic fighters of the Korean People's Army beat off the repeated large-scale attacks of the U.S. imperialist aggressors during the past Fatherland Liberation War.

Under the outstanding leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and military strategist-genius, men and officers of the Korean People's Army and people routed the U.S. imperialist aggressors who had intruded into the northern half of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. As a result, the front line was stabilized mainly along the 38th parallel from June 1951, and the war entered a new stage.

In the first year of the war the U.S. imperialist aggressors sustained great losses in manpower and combat and technical equipment exceeding by far a half of the losses they suffered in the Second World War. They proposed our side for armistice talks in an attempt to gain a breathing spell and recover their military defeat. The crafty U.S. imperialist aggressors made, behind the armistice talks, preparations for large-scale fresh offensives, "summer and autumn offensives" (launched from mid-August to early November 1951). In order to occupy the northern half of the Republic again and effect the so-called "honourable ceasefire" politically by exerting military pressure on our side.

Through fresh offensives, the enemy schemed to take hold of the mountain areas in the eastern sector of the front, the area of Height 1211 in particular.

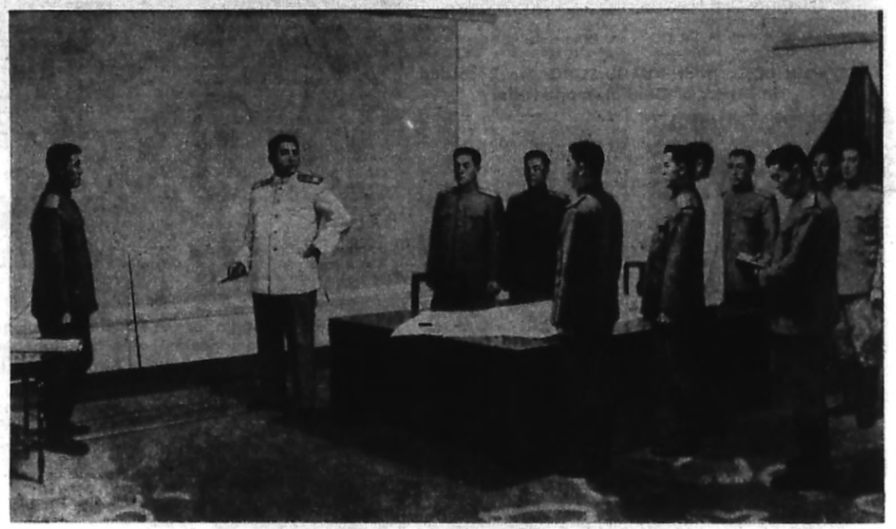
Comrade Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and military strategist-genius and Supreme Commander of the Korean People's Army, carrying on his shoulders the heavy burdens placed by the Fatherland Liberation War decisive of the destinies of the fatherland and the nation, saw through the cunning attempt of the U.S. imperialists in time and issued an order to quickly transfer some of the defence units from the west coast to the eastern sector of the front and, at the same time, build up the powerful defences in the area of Height 1211 where the enemy might possibly launch a large-scale attack, so as to fight big annihilating battles there and thus beat back the enemy's offensive.

Advancing such a wise line aimed to repulse the enemy's attack, Comrade Kim Il Sung gave concrete teachings that the density of artillery fire power should be increased on the front and guns be used more effectively to suit the topographical conditions of our country, and that active defence battles should be fought in various original forms of action.

Not all men could map out such a bold plan and take such a determined step as to transfer units to the eastern sector for reinforcement of an important combat zone at a time when guns were roaring along the whole front.

Such a bold, superb strategic and tactical line could be put forward only by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander, who made the enemy tremble with fear, firmly taking the initiative under any circumstances and employing the strategy and tactics through.

Consequently, on the height, many hundred-year-old trees measuring several arms' span in girth were blown off root and branch, and rocks were crumbled into dust.



Oil painting: Supreme Commander Marshal Kim Il Sung

of preternatural swiftness in the 15-year-long arduous struggle against the Kanto Army of Japanese imperialism a million strong.

In accordance with the outstanding strategic and tactical line of Supreme Commander Comrade Kim Il Sung the units of the Korean People's Army made full preparations for defence after having held vantage areas and waged the heroic struggle. As a result, the "summer offensive" of the U.S. imperialist aggressors ended in a total fiasco.

This "summer offensive" claimed a heavy toll of the enemy, nearly 80,000 in all.

Losing one battle after another, the U.S. imperialist aggressors hurriedly stepped up the preparations for a large-scale "autumn offensive." While pretending to open a big attack in the western sector of the front, the scoundrels manoeuvred to mass large armed forces in its eastern sector and launch the "autumn offensive," so as to occupy the northern half of the Republic at a breath in cooperation with their units to be landed on the east coast.

Supreme Commander Comrade Kim Il Sung saw through the cunning attempt of the enemy and took timely measures to beat him mercilessly and decisively.

While personally commanding the People's Armymen in the battle for defence of Height 1211, he formed a powerful reserve force and further reinforced the defences on the east coast to cope with the possible landing of the enemy.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors concentrated huge armed forces on Height 1211 which was then fortified impregnably, and showered an average of 30,000 to 40,000 bombs and shells on it every day in their frantic effort to break it through.

The height went low. Even squirrels jumped into the bosoms of soldiers to protect themselves against flames engulfing the height.

But the defenders of Height 1211, who were immensely loyal to the Leader, fought bloody battles to defend the height in the powder-smoke mingled with earth and in flames giving wholesale deaths to the enemy who attacked tens of times a day.

Fierce battles were fought on Height 1211 day in, day out. None of the defenders knew that the summer was gone and the autumn came. Nor did they even feel that it was getting chilly.

Supreme Commander Comrade Kim Il Sung, the benign fatherly Leader, felt that it was then cold in the morning and evening. He called on the phone the commander of the army corps on the front long past 12 p.m. and asked in detail the commander whether fighters were in good health and how they lived. He said to this effect:

...All the men are a precious treasure for which nothing can be exchanged. Each combatant is a priceless revolutionary comrade-in-arms.

How keenly we felt the dearth of our revolutionary comrades-in-arms when we fought the villainous Japanese imperialist army and police in the past.

We must do our level best to look after the treasure.... As it seems to be cold, you must see to it that they take a warm boiled rice and hot soup and are not cold when they go to bed. And you must take good care of them beforehand so that they may not catch cold. ...

When these words of Comrade Supreme Commander were conveyed to them, the defenders of the height were all moved to tears by his deep love. They took a solemn oath before Supreme Commander Comrade Kim Il Sung to defend with their lives Height 1211, the height of the fatherland, for the fatherland and the Leader.

The heroic defenders of the height brilliantly carried out the oath given to the Leader.

The valiant artillerymen pulled their heavy direct-firing guns up onto the cloud-capped height and blew up the enemy's emplacements and tanks. The mortar men brought their mortars to the first line and, together with the infantry men, scored direct hits on the attacking enemy.

The first line units organized many storming parties and, risking danger, inflicted heavy losses on the enemy's manpower and combat and technical equipment. The tank-hunting groups sought out every tank marshalling yard of the scoundrels in the denth of the enemy and destroyed it in a flash.

When a fighter rushed into the midst of the enemy with a bunch of handgrenades as a human bomb, another threw himself over the enemy's embrasure to block it with his warm heart.

A signal man of an artillery unit re-established contact of a cut-off communication line with his body. A mortar man, hit by an enemy bullet, charged the gun breathing his last, crying for revenge: "Wipe out the U.S. imperialist aggressors!"

While the fighters on one height, besieged by the enemy, were preparing for the last decisive charge singing the "Song of General Kim Il Sung," those on another height organized a shock party and hit from the rear the enemy who had encircled their comrades-in-arms.

When a height was in danger, even cooks, bandsmen and stretcher-bearers came out to join in the battle of revenge with bayonets fixed.

In this way, the "autumn offensive" too caused nearly 80,000 death toll to the U.S. imperialist aggressors, they never moved even a step forward but suffered another ignominious defeat.

As their heart broke whenever they looked at it, the U.S. imperialist aggressors called the height "Heartbreak Ridge." As the foe could not come out alive once he went into the gorge of this height, he named it "Punch Bowl."

Toward the end of October 1951, the enemy had no alternative but to make his appearance again at the meeting hall for the armistice talks he had suspended at will.

But there another political defeat awaited him, the defeat heavier than the military one.

Thus, the stern trials were tided over and the height was defended thanks to the pre-eminent strategy and tactics of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and military strategist-genius, thanks to his boundless love and parental solicitude for the soldiers and the infinite loyalty to the Party and the Leader of the brave men of the Korean People's Army who carried on the brilliant revolutionary traditions of the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle. Indeed, Height 1211 proved an impregnable fortress, unconquerable fortress.

Height 1211, the hero-height, added world-wide fame to the immortal exploits of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of revolution, who, by leading the Fatherland Liberation War to the victory, not only made it possible to defend the fatherland against the invasion by the enemy but also started the U.S. imperialists on the downgrade and gave the fighting peoples a conviction that they can fight down the U.S. imperialists.

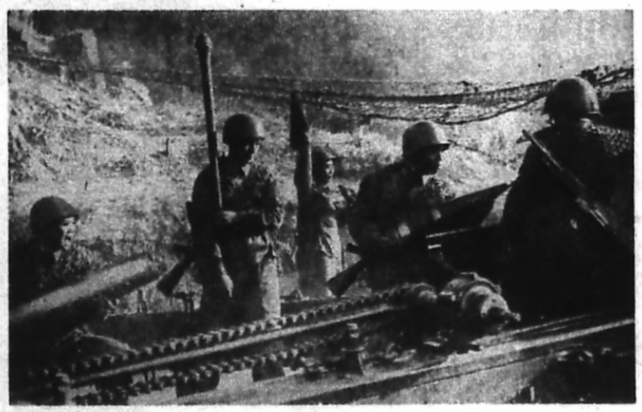
Today all heights of our country have become Height 1211.

The brave men and officers of the Korean People's Army, the hero-defenders of the height of yesterday, have grown into the regular armed forces firmly equipped with the unitary ideology of our Party and with the up-to-date science and techniques and the latest military and technical equipment, into one-beats-a-hundred, invincible armed forces.

If the U.S. imperialist aggressors, instead of drawing a lesson from the miserable defeat they sustained in the past war, should ignite another reckless war of aggression, there will be only corpses and death for them.

Kim Gyu Dok

The U.S. imperialist aggressors fall on their knees before the heroic Korean people and the People's Army. The voices of the victorious fighters shouting "Long live Marshal Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live the Workers' Party of Korea!" echo over the heights



Artillerymen improving their marksmanship in the one-beats-a-hundred spirit, upholding the teaching of the Leader

One-beats-a-hundred Gunners

A Visit to the KPA Unit Comrade Sin Dong Un Belongs to

Sometime ago I had an opportunity to visit the unit of the Korean People's Army Comrade Sin Dong Un belongs to, and found it astir with the struggle to greet the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea with a high degree of political zeal and reinforced combat strength.

I was first shown around the fire-service practice ground by Comrade Sin Dong Un, commander of the unit.

There were such encouraging slogans as "Let's defend with our lives the Party Central Committee headed by Comrade Kim Il Sung!" "Let's greet the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea with high political enthusiasm and reinforced combat strength!" and "Wipe out the U.S. imperialist aggressors to the last man!" The practice ground was alive with the gunners engrossed in field training.

Immediately a word of command "To arms!" came, all guns raised their heavy barrels to open fire at the "enemy," and I noticed each of the barrels bearing the mark of the League of Socialist Working Youth, which signified the exploits performed by the artillery unit in the battles to wipe out the U.S. imperialist aggressors in the past Fatherland Liberation War.

The commander gave me an account of the brilliant war results of his unit.

During the past Fatherland Liberation War his unit hammered the enemy, never missing the targets, in many actions including those for the liberation of Kangnung, Yongduk and Pohang and greatly contributed to winning the battles.

Particularly, when the active position defence battles were on, the unit wiped out large numbers of enemy troops, upholding the order of Supreme Commander Comrade Kim Il Sung to bring the direct-firing guns up onto the heights to mop up the enemy.

The proud war exploits performed and a wealth of experiences accumulated by the unit in actions during the three-year-long Fatherland Liberation War still serve as priceless assets in reinforcing its combat strength.

Now the young servicemen of the unit, together with the veteran gunners who pounded on the U.S. imperialist aggressors for vengeance in the Fatherland Liberation War, are being trained into one-beats-a-hundred gunners.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, instructed as follows:

"In the modern warfare it is important to make a better use of such means of war as guns and tanks and let them operate with higher mobility. Therefore, it is necessary for various arms to raise the level of their technique and skill. And every man must incessantly improve his marksmanship to train himself into a crack shot who never misses the target.

"You must hit the target without fail so that you may not waste the valuable shells uselessly." (Kim Il Sung, *Selected Works*, Vol. III, p. 514.)

The servicemen of the unit were inflamed with intense loyalty to the Leader and a firm determination to unconditionally carry through his teachings to the end, and their spirits were sky-high.

I paused for a while near the fourth gun emplacement where the target practice was in full swing in an atmosphere that reminded me of actual fighting.

All the gunners were like one man in action, remarkably quick and unfailing.

The pointer, charger and other gunners including sergeant Cho Dong Ho, moved as quick as lightning on finding the whereabouts of the "enemy" and judging the range and direction, adjusting the sight and charging the gun.

Really painstaking efforts were made by the servicemen there till they were trained into one-beats-a-hundred gunners, I was told.

Let me take superior private Kim Chang Ho for an example. When he was assigned to the unit, he wanted to become a crack shot like a veteran but not without a shadow of doubt and worry in a corner of his mind.

Guided and helped by the Party organization and the commanding officers, Comrade Kim Chang Ho exerted a persistent effort to improve his technique and skill and became a crack shot who never misses the target.

While making a theoretical study of the mechanism of guns he delved into the experiences gained in the past Fatherland Liberation War. In the meantime, he carried with him a model gun and tried hard to fully understand how the gun works.

He studied the regulations and took part in battle practices so tenaciously that he soon became an expert with the gun and able to take up the task of a chief gunner.

Such an achievement was not confined to Comrade Kim Chang Ho alone.

The gunners of the unit are making vigorous efforts to carry into practice the instruction of the respected and beloved Leader that they should prepare themselves to perform the functions of all crew members of the gun, creating fresh miracles and innovations every day.

An interview I had with superior private Chu Wan Gyu during a break gave me an idea of how the innovations were brought about by the servicemen of the unit.

He is a young soldier of short height. But he is a master hand in charging. He carries out the combat assignment as splendidly as the veterans.

He too made a painstaking effort for that.

He conducted intensive physical training to build up enough strength of his arms for a charger on the one hand and, on the other, practiced charging at night over and over again so that he might charge his gun properly in any unexpected situation.

When I praised him for his success in field training, he responded with a faint flush on his cheeks:

"I still have a long way to go till I become a soldier true to the Leader.

"I'll carry into practice unconditionally Comrade Supreme Commander's teaching that we should prepare ourselves to perform the functions of all crew members of the gun before the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea and get fully ready to beat at a blow the U.S. imperialist aggressors, our sworn enemy."

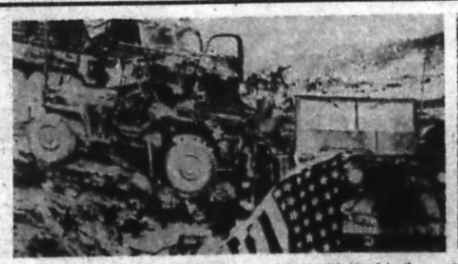
Presently, there came a word of command on the resumption of field training.

The gunners lost no time to get back to their positions and moved at a lightning speed at every word of command.

The guns raised their barrels as if they were about to send a rain of shells on the "enemy."

The U.S. imperialist aggressors will surely be wiped out completely under the staggering retaliatory blows from our heroic People's Armymen trained into one-beats-a-hundred servicemen should they venture to pounce on us.

Kim Bok Rok



The Stars and Stripes of U.S. imperialism stained with blood in the aggressive wars in hundreds of years is torn into rags in Korea by the bayonets of the heroic Korean People's Army

U.S. imperialist aggression armymen captured by the heroic Korean People's Army during the Fatherland Liberation War

Shipbuilders' Proud Gift to the Fifth Congress of Workers' Party of Korea

5,000-ton Cold Storage Ship Launched

The workers and technicians of the shipyard where Comrade Pak Si Hyong works, one of the reliable shipbuilding bases of our country, launched on July 22 a 5,000-ton cold storage ship "Ponghwa-san," a gift of loyalty to the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea.

This brilliant success registered in large ship building is a result of the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, who gives constant guidance and always pays close attention to placing the country's fishing industry on firm material and technical foundations and developing it under a perspective plan and it is also a fruit of the boundless fidelity of the Red shipbuilders who carry out his orders and instructions to the last, going through fire and water.

The 5,000-ton cold storage ship "Ponghwa-san" built with our own technique, equipment and materials is furnished with up-to-date machines and equipment of high precision capable of processing thousands of tons of fishes.

A grand launching ceremony was held on July 22.

Respectfully placed in the centre of the colorfully decorated deck of the ship was a full-length portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, an outstanding Marxist-Leninist and the great Leader of revolution, and a big flag of the Republic was flying high in the sky.

The place of the launching ceremony bedecked with five-color tapes and flags was packed with the employees who had scored shining successes in ship building, and their families and working people in the city.

Also present were leading functionaries of the local Party and government organs and public organisations.

The red tape hung in front of the bow of the ship was cut and a red flag signalling launching was raised at 1 p.m. Then the ship gradually slid into the sea.

At that moment, the crowd broke into the repeated shouts "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live the Workers' Party of Korea!" The honour and pride of the victors who had raced along the one road of victory indicated by the respected and beloved Leader could be read on the faces of the working people

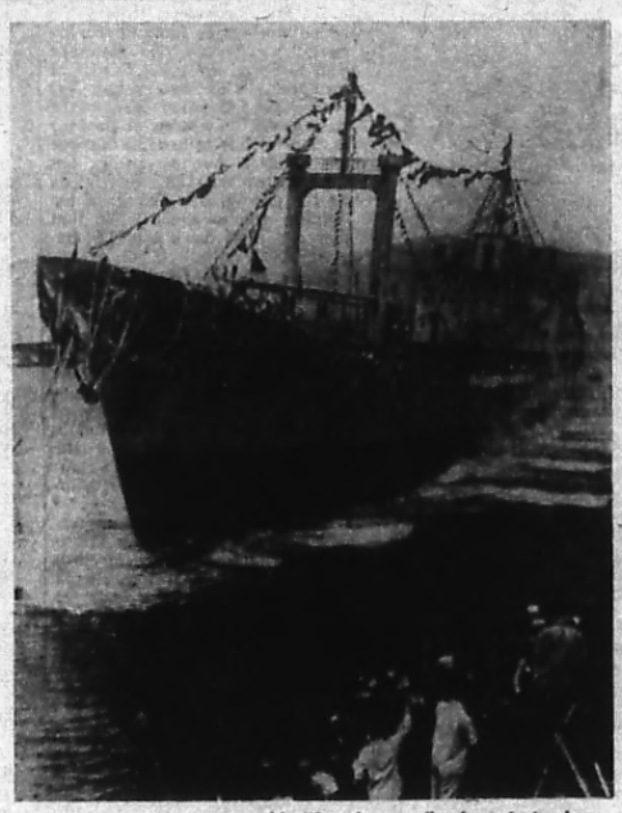
Comrade Kim Il Sung, the fatherly Leader, has clearly shown the way ahead of fisheries in each period of the revolution and construction, showing deep concern for the development of the fishing industry of the country from the first days after liberation, and personally visited the shipbuilding bases on the eastern and western coasts and built such powerful large ship building bases as we see today, giving on-the-spot guidance to the work in this domain.

Busy as he was with the state affairs in the postwar days, the Leader called at the shipyard on many occasions and taught the shipbuilders that the shipbuilding industry should be developed and big ships be built for conquering the sea, showing paternal care for them.

The Leader again visited the shipyard in May this year and instructed the shipbuilders to build a 5,000-ton ship, highly praising their labour successes in large ship building. Showing profound love for the shipbuilders and solicitude for their life, he personally solved problems raised in large ship building and led them to effect a new revolutionary upsurge.

Deeply cherishing in their minds the on-the-spot instructions of the respected and beloved Leader for building the large ship better and faster to supply our working people with a greater amount of fishes, the Red shipbuilders turned out as one in the building of the 5,000-ton cold storage ship "Ponghwa-san."

The Red shipbuilders vigorously leaping ahead, following the indomitable revolutionary spirit of the anti-Japanese guerillas who remained infinitely faithful to the Leader, carried out in less than three months a huge work which would have taken six months in the past, thus successfully building the "Ponghwa-san" with their own technique and efforts.



The 5,000-ton cold storage ship "Ponghwa-san" has just been launched

(Continued from Page 1)

The Red miners of the Laurel Guard Mine where Comrade Kim Yun Yong works have effected an innovation by raising the daily production level 50 per cent above that at the beginning of the year through the mechanization of pit work and the increase of the production capacity of the equipment. The Red miners of the mine where Comrade Yu Jae Hwa works have chalked up a new record by hewing 30,000 tons per cutting face and 40,000 tons per excavator every month. Twentyfive platoons of the mine have already carried out their yearly assignments with flying colours.

New innovations are being effected at the iron rod shop, thin plate shop No. 3 and other work shops of the Hwanghae Iron Works. The workers of the machine factory where Comrade Paek Ung Chan works have already surpassed this year's plan, set 36 per cent higher than last year's, and are now overfulfilling their daily plans with a determination to overshoot the yearly plan by 30 per cent by the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea.

The workers of the clothing factory where Comrade Cho Myong Ok works have also overfulfilled their yearly plan. They are now producing high quality cloths in greater quantities by waging a strained struggle.

The working people of our country are deeply aware that the struggle for successfully scaling all the heights of the Seven-Year Plan is a struggle for further increasing the political, economic and military might of the country and giving full play to the genuine superiority of our socialist system and a sacred revolutionary struggle for driving the U.S. imperialist aggressors out of South Korea and accomplishing at the earliest date the historic cause of national unification. Therefore, they are now carrying out their commitments two times, three times or more displaying the fine communist trait of helping and pulling each other along, waging a collective technical innovation movement and exhibiting creative initiative, while firmly arming themselves with the great revolutionary ideas of the Leader.

With the whole country seething with the great revolutionary upsurge, the ranks of yearly target hitters are steadily swelling.

All this is an expression of the ardent loyalty to the Leader of our working class which carries out any task without fail even going through fire and water, once called on by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, and clearly shows the surging revolutionary zeal of our working people who are determined to significantly meet the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea with the brilliant success in scaling without fail the high eminence of the Seven-Year Plan.

Red Worker-Peasant Militiamen stepping up combat training in the spirit of beating down at a stroke the U.S. imperialists, the sworn enemy of our people

With Rifle in One Hand and Hammer in the Other

At Unit of Red Worker-Peasant Militia of a Factory

Members of a unit of the Red Worker-Peasant Militia of the factory where Comrade Ro Tan Sil works, have been intensifying their combat and political training while dynamically pushing ahead with economic construction, each with a rifle in one hand and a hammer in the other.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught as follows:

"We should firmly arm the workers, farmers and all other people so that they may unfold an intensive labour struggle in socialist construction while defending the fatherland, with a hammer or sickle in one hand and a rifle in the other, and in case of emergency, not only carry on production but conduct combat actions with credit."

Bearing deep in their minds the earnest teachings of the respected and beloved Leader, the members of the Red Worker-Peasant Militia of the factory are striving to carry out their training programme for this year exactly and better while fulfilling the production plan with credit, so as to mark the Fifth Congress of the mother Party with a greater combat strength of their unit and brilliant successes in labour.

The unit of the factory has perseveringly conducted the politico-ideological education for its members to arm themselves with the great revolutionary ideas of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung. Consequently, they have fully prepared themselves as the one-beats-a-hundred revolutionary soldiers who think and act in accordance with the idea and will of the Leader no matter when and where, safeguard the Leader with their lives even in the severest adversity and execute his orders to the very end braving fire and water.

While making its members prepare themselves politically and ideologically, the unit has conducted the combat training in a planned way to have them well versed in the modern military science and techniques. In combat training, main efforts have been exerted to undertake a full study of the experiences gained both in the anti-Japanese armed struggle and the Fatherland Liberation War and, on this basis, to learn the tactics to suit the topographical conditions of our country and the requirements of the modern warfare. As a result the members of the unit have now become expert at their military action to fight down the enemy under any conditions.

A glaring proof of this was furnished by the recent training of the woman unit to which Comrade Li Sun Gyong belongs.

The unit was ordered to hold a vantage position before the enemy would do, and then switch on to offensive.

At this order the members of the unit launched an attack in a moment and occupied the "enemy"-held height with the 40 degree gradient in a shorter time than designated by dealing skillfully with the prevailing battle conditions, and none of the members of the unit fell behind.

When a rain of bullets came from the "enemy's" embrasure, Comrade Paek Sun Ja darted out like an arrow and destroyed it in an instant.

All the members of the unit gave full play to the militant spirit in training under simulated conditions of the battle fought against U.S. imperialists to defend their socialist fatherland where a happy life of the people is in bloom.

Through the field training all of the members of the unit fostered their fighting spirit and acquainted themselves better with various ways of combat action so that they might take up arms in case of emergency and join in the decisive battles to wipe out the enemy and defend the gains of the revolution impregnably.

The members of the unit achieved fine results in shooting practice, too. They proved themselves ready to hit the target with unerring aim no matter what and where—a moving target, nocturnal target, target to be detected only by sound and the one on either downward or upward slope. Moreover, they have become expert in handling all kinds of rifles. In the recent shooting practice the unit has been honoured with an excellent mark.

All of the members of the unit are not only crack shots but also innovators in production. Many of them have hit their yearly target.

At present all of them are doing double or treble their share of work to fulfil with credit this year's production plan before the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea schedüled in the coming October.

This is how they have been vigorously advancing with a rifle in one hand and a hammer in the other.

Should the U.S. imperialist aggressors ignite another war in Korea, the members of the Red Worker-Peasant Militia, together with the People's Army, will turn out in the sacred war to annihilate the enemy and defend their work places and socialist fatherland reliably.

Kim Hak Chol

South Korean People Unfold Various Forms of Active Struggle

The South Korean people are unfolding various forms of active struggle, braving the harsh fascist oppression by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

Military Train Overturned, Munition Depots Set Fire

According to a report from Seoul, South Korean patriotic people overturned a military train fully loaded with war supplies. This incident took place between the Milyang and Samnangjin railway stations, South Kyongsang Province, on July 13.

This caused many losses of military goods. All train operations between Seoul and Pusan were suspended for a long time, with the result that enemy's transport of war supplies fell into utter confusion.

On the evening of July 9 a big fire, according to another report, broke out in the barracks of the command of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army occupying South Korea located in Ryongsan district, Seoul. The "largest depots" were destroyed in this fire, the report added.

The report said that explosives blew up in succession for four hours and four buildings "stored with high-priced articles" including wireless communication facilities and electronic computers to be supplied to the units of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops were reduced to ashes and two other buildings were also burnt more than half. By the bold activities of the South Korean patriotic people, a similar incident took place in April last, too.

Successive fires are causing fear and uneasiness in the minds of the U.S. imperialist aggressor armymen and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

Boycotting Service in Criminal "Homeland Reserve Forces"

Many youths working at the hospital attached to the Seoul University, according to a radio report from Seoul, are refusing to be driven out into training at the "homeland reserve forces."

This year alone, they were ordered to receive training on many occasions, but each time they disobeyed the order.

A certain Pak, worker, and several other youth and middle-aged people in the city of Kwangju, South Cholla Province, another report said, stubbornly refused to be pressganged into the "homeland reserve forces." Peasants, a certain Chu in the Hwasong area, Kyonggi Province, and a certain Chang in the Chechon area, and many other youth and middle-aged people are now fighting stubbornly, refusing the order for calling up for service in the "homeland reserve forces."

All these facts show that many South Korean youth and middle-aged people of different social strata are fighting resolutely refusing to be driven into the dirty "homeland reserve forces," a filthy task force of the puppet army and an instrument for armed suppression against the patriotic people.

A Crewman of U.S. Imperialist Vessel Finished Off, Puppet Gendarmes and Policemen Meted Out Punishment

A certain Hong living in Inchon, according to a radio report from Seoul, resolutely finished off a crewman of the U.S. imperialist vessel shipping war supplies into South Korea. This took place on the street of Songhak-dong in the city.

The rascal heaped insults upon the residents there and did high-handed acts. This further stirred up the hatred of this inhabitant for the enemy U.S. imperialism and made him stab the rascal to death.

Some 30 youths living in Wolpyong-ri, Namsang-myon, Kochang county, South Kyongsang Province, according to a press report from South Korea, knocked down collectively gendarmes of the puppet army to rescue an arrested youth of the same village named Kim Hong Chang who deserted from the barracks refusing the puppet army life.

Another report says that South Korean youths meted out punishment of vengeance to the puppet policemen in the Mapo district, Seoul, prompted by their towering indignation at the fascist atrocities of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet bandits.

Traitors' Dirty Farce to Veil Insidious Trick of Their Master, U.S. Imperialism

No sooner had the U.S. imperialists started a crafty, insidious political trick, advertising that they would reduce their army occupying South Korea, than the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique began to eagerly ask their master to keep South Korea as ever under the jackboots of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army.

The Pak Jung Hi clique, the out-and-out puppets of U.S. imperialism and dirty human trash, are holding a "Chongwadae meeting," "security council meeting," "national assembly session" and the like every day, croaking about the "security of South Korea" and babbling that "an army reduction is untimely at the present moment and the reduction plan should be reconsidered."

The scoundrels went so far as to send a negotiation group to the United States to beg for the U.S. imperialist aggressor army's perpetual occupation of South Korea and stage the farce of requesting the Japanese militarists to express their opposition to the planned "reduction" to their master, U.S. imperialism.

Such farce staged by the Pak Jung Hi clique clearly discloses what is the real aim of the so-called cutback plan of the U.S. imperialists and once again clearly shows that the Pak Jung Hi clique are No. 1 puppets of the U.S. imperialists and traitors to the nation.

The real aim of the reduction plan advertised by the Nixon clique is to justify the U.S. imperialists' occupation of South Korea and stay on in South Korea, toning down the voices of the people demanding their withdrawal from South Korea and the rest of Asia, and to realise by all means their vicious design to invade the whole of Korea and Asia using South Korea as a stepping-stone.

It is not without reason, therefore, that the Pak Jung Hi clique, the out-and-out lackeys who cannot move even their finger without the order and directives of their master, U.S. imperialism, started clinging to the sleeves of their master and eagerly begging for his continued stationing in South Korea, talking about the "security of South Korea" and the like as soon as their master made public the withdrawal plan. As proved by all the past crimes of the Pak Jung Hi clique who inherited the blood of treachery in their vein, started their career with treacherous acts and are barely subsisting on by betraying the nation, they are acting, this time, too, on orders of their master. To be short, the traitors to the nation who have a long record of treachery are raising a din in accordance with the script written by their master, to provide the U.S. imperialists with a pretext for continued stationing in South Korea, and at the same time, cover up the criminal acts of their master, U.S. imperialism, who is intensifying the manoeuvres to unleash a new war in Korea.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said as follows:

"...The South Korean puppet regime... acts in everything on the directives of the U.S. occupationists and leaves everything in South Korea at their disposal to serve their war policy." ("The Democratic People's Republic of Korea Is the Banner of Freedom and Independence for Our People and the Powerful Weapon of Building Socialism and Communism," pp. 77-78.)

A series of intrigues hatched by the U.S. imperialists and their stooges, Pak Jung Hi clique, synchronizing with their din about the "U.S. army reduction" plan, bring into bolder relief the true aim of their racket.

While advertising the "reduction" plan, the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi clique are twaddling about increased military aid to South Korea and the reinforcement of the puppet army. The U.S. imperialists are kicking up a din about "U.S. army reduction" to whitewash their occupation of South Korea and war provocation manoeuvres on the one hand and mobilize all the material resources and manpower of South Korea for war preparations on the other behind the smokescreen of this racket.

This bespeaks that the so-called reduction plan is a product of the U.S. imperialist policies of war and aggression. In fact, the gangsters do not bother to conceal that the so-called reduction plan is an instrument for stepping up the policies of aggression and war as ever in Korea.

The villainous U.S. secretary of state Rogers recently told the South Korean puppet foreign minister in Saigon that the decision to reduce the U.S. imperialist aggressor army occupying South Korea would in no way affect South Korea and did not reflect any lack of resolve on the part of the U.S. imperialists to live up to their treaty commitments.

The U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi clique are also hatching a sinister plan to set up in South Korea a nuclear base like that in Okinawa.

The sinister design of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique is also proved by their move to bring the Japanese militarists into South Korea on a larger scale with the "reduction" plan as a pretext.

All this lays bare what is behind the so-called "reduction" plan of the Nixon clique.

Our people are closely watching the nefarious manoeuvres hatched by U.S. imperialism, Japanese militarism and their stooge, Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, behind the smokescreen in the deceptive "reduction" advertisement.

The U.S. imperialists must give up the deceptive trick of "reduction" and "partial withdrawal" and quit South Korea at once.

Korea belongs to the Korean people.

There is no reason whatsoever for the U.S. imperialists to stay on in South Korea.

If the U.S. imperialists refuse to withdraw from South Korea, and further strengthen the policies of aggression and war behind the signboard of "reduction" and keep recklessly playing with fire against our people, they will meet only ruin and death.

Though the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are trying to prolong their remaining days under the wing of their two masters, U.S. imperialism and Japanese militarism, they will be unable to escape a severe punishment by our people.

Our people under the outstanding leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of revolution, will force U.S. imperialism out of South Korea and unify the fatherland without fail.

U.S. Imperialist Military Trains Collide in South Korea

Over Ten Wagons and Bulky War Supplies Are Destroyed

The locomotives, oil tanks and vans of the enemy, more than ten all told, were wrecked in a terrible mess and bulky war supplies including over 10,000 bags of cement were gone recently, when military freight trains of the U.S. imperialists collided at mid-night in Chechon, North Chungchong Province, according to South Korean press reports.

This accident is said to have occurred around 3:20 on June 10. When one military train carrying scores of wagonload of cement for the construction of a U.S. imperialist military base pulled into the compound of the Chechon railway station, another oil tank train came from the opposite side and they collided on account of a contrivance set beforehand. With a terrific explosion the oil tanks "flew up into the air," "fell over the locomotives" and burst. Soon, the scene turned into a "sea of fire." The two locomotives and two oil tanks and ten vans were destroyed to pieces and wrapped in flames and the rails and sleepers were wrecked totally in the 100-odd metre long section.

This incident which dyed red the dawning sky over the Chechon area greatly pleased the inhabitants there who were undergoing terrible sufferings and misfortunes on account of the frantic war provocation manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys and struck the enemy with great horror.

The wreckages of the U.S. imperialist aggressors' military trains which collided and were blasted to pieces at the Chechon railway station, North Chungchong Province, when they were carrying war supplies to prepare for the provocation of a new aggressive war

World People Demand:

U.S. Imperialist Aggressors, Quit South Korea at Once!

On the Occasion of the "Month of the Anti-U.S. Imperialist Joint Struggle for the Withdrawal of the U.S. Imperialist Aggressor Troops from South Korea"

On the occasion of the "month of the anti-U.S. imperialist joint struggle for the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops from South Korea," louder voices come from peoples in different countries in the world: "U.S. imperialist aggressor troops, quit South Korea at once!" "We fully support the Korean people in their just struggle for independent unification of the country!"

In Japan: Representatives of 43 Japanese democratic political parties and public organizations, including the Japan Communist Party, the Japan Socialist Party, the General Council of Trade Unions of Japan (Sohyo) and the Japan-Korea Association, had on June 25 in Tokyo a "meeting of various social circles' representatives for commemorating the 20th anniversary of June 25, the day of outbreak of the aggressive Korean war, and for strengthening solidarity with the Korean people."

Katsushige Matsui, Acting Representative Director of the Japan-Korea Association, was the first to speak at the meeting.

In his speech, he bitterly condemned the U.S. imperialists who, far from drawing a lesson from the ignominious defeat they sustained in the Korean war, not only continue their occupation of South Korea and colonial rule in wanton violation of the Armistice Agreement but are on the rampage to start a new war against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, hampering the unification of Korea.

He declared that the Japanese people denouncing the reactionary Sato government for its unjust, undisguised plot to reinvade South Korea at the instruction of the U.S. imperialists would vigorously wage various forms of struggle to give full support to the Korean people in their struggle for forcing the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops out of South Korea and achieving the country's independent unification.

His speech was followed by personages of various political parties and public organizations.

The meeting adopted a declaration and a solidarity message to the Korean people.

On June 25, the Japan Communist Party issued a statement of Itaru Yonehara, Member of the Presidium of the Central Committee of the Party, and **Akahata**, organ of the Party, made up a special edition on the occasion of the 20th anniversary of the Korean war unleashed by the U.S. imperialist aggressors.

A Japan-Korea students' solidarity meeting was held in Tokyo on June 27 under the sponsorship of the National Federation of Students' Self-Government Associations of Japan.

In Laos: There was a mass rally in Sam Neua, Laos.

The rally was addressed by Sisana Sisane who represented the Central Committee of the Laotian Patriotic Front.

Condemning the forcible occupation of South Korea by the U.S. imperialists, the speaker stated: the Laotian people strongly demand that U.S. imperialism and its lackeys stop at once their acts of war provocation against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and all kinds of persecutions of the South Korean people and the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops withdraw from South Korea immediately.

The attendants of the rally adopted a resolution fully supporting the Korean people in their just struggle for the unification of the country.

In South Vietnam: The South Vietnam Liberation Press published an article giving praise to the heroic struggle of the Korean people who had beat back the U.S. imperialist aggressors and won a brilliant victory.

Denouncing U.S. imperialism for its new war provocation manoeuvre in Korea, the press pointed out that the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops should withdraw from South Korea immediately and unconditionally so that the Korean people might solve their own affairs without any interference of outside forces.

In Ceylon: A joint mass rally was held in Colombo on July 6 under the co-sponsorship of the Ceylon Peace Council, the Ceylon Committee for Afro-Asian Solidarity, the Ceylon National Committee for Solidarity with the South Korean People's Struggle, the Ceylon College Students' Committee for Solidarity with the South Korean College Students' Struggle and the Ceylon-People's Korea Friendship Association.

Respectfully put up on the background of the platform was a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of revolution.

The rally adopted with unanimous approval a message to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

The rally also adopted a resolution on Korea and wrote to war boss of U.S. imperialism Nixon in protest.

The rally was addressed by personages of various social circles of Ceylon.

In his speech, Dr. Wickremasinghae, member of Parliament, said that the Ceylonese people, together with all the progressive forces of the whole world, scathingly condemn the U.S. imperialists for their moves for a new war against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and strongly demand the U.S. imperialists to withdraw their aggressor troops from South Korea at once and unconditionally.

Earlier, on June 30 the students of the Colombo Law College sponsored another rally.

The rally unanimously adopted a message addressed to Premier Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements.

A portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of revolution, was put up respectfully above the platform of the meeting hall against the background of the national flag of the DPRK.

Meanwhile, Subesingge, General Secretary of the Ceylon Freedom Party and Minister of Industry and Science of Ceylon, recently issued a statement supporting the Korean people in their just struggle for the country's unification and against U.S. imperialism.

In Burma: A meeting, sponsored by the Burma-Korea Friendship Association was held in Rangoon on June 22.

Respectfully put up above the rostrum of the meeting hall against the background of the national flag of the DPRK was a portrait of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The meeting was addressed by Boyarue, Vice-Chairman of the Burma-Korea Friendship Association.

He pointed to the fact that the U.S. imperialists ignited a war in Korea on June 25, 1950 in an attempt to strangle the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in the cradle and realize their nefarious aggressive ambition to make it their colony and dominate Asia and the rest of the world.

Saying that the U.S. imperialists must withdraw from South Korea at once, he expressed active support to our Party's programme on independent and peaceful unification of the country.

The meeting adopted a statement in the name of the Burma-Korea Friendship Association.

On June 25, there was another mass meeting in Rangoon. The meeting unanimously adopted a message addressed to the patriotic people of South Korea.

On the other hand, Upodape, General Secretary of the Burma-Korea Friendship Association, and De Kin Lin, General Secretary of the Burma Committee for World Peace, respectively issued statements denouncing the U.S. imperialist policy of aggression and war against Korea and expressing solidarity with the Korean people's just struggle.

And a Burmese paper carried an article contributed by U Ne Win, Burmese public figure, titled "Korea must be unified."

In India: There was an anti-U.S. imperialist demonstration of youths in New Delhi on June 29.

Demonstrators marched through the main streets of the city, carrying placards with the inscriptions: "Down with U.S. imperialism!" "Curse to the Pak Jung Hi clique!" "Long live the peace-loving Korean people!" and so on.

Then they held a protest meeting in front of the "U.S. Information Service" office and adopted a statement in which they declared: "The Indian youths determinedly support the Korean people in their struggle against the U.S. imperialist aggression."

Earlier, on June 24 a mass rally of solidarity with the Korean people was held in New Delhi under the joint sponsorship of various public organizations.

The attendants of the rally adopted a resolution strongly demanding the immediate withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army from South Korea.

In UAR: The Central Committee of the Arab Socialist Union issued on June 27 a statement celebrating the Korean people's victory and denouncing the U.S. imperialist aggression.

The statement said:

The Central Committee of the Arab Socialist Union, on behalf of the UAR people, pays the highest honour and respect to the friendly Korean people and their Leader and fighter Premier Kim Il Sung and wishes them to win a greater victory in accomplishing their just cause and aspiration for the country's complete liberation and unification.

The National Peace Committee of the UAR, too, issued a statement denouncing U.S. imperialism and supporting the Korean people's struggle.

In the meantime, Diaa Eddin Dawud, Member of the Supreme Executive Committee of the Arab Socialist Union and Secretary for Ideology, Propaganda and Information of the Union, held a press conference on June 27 and expressed his full support to the Korean people in their just struggle against U.S. imperialism and for the unification of the country.

In Algeria: On July 8 a mass meeting was held in Setif, the capital of Setif Province, in support of the struggle of the Korean people against the U.S. imperialist aggressors.

A portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, and a portrait of Houari Boumedienne, Chairman of the Algerian National Council of Revolution, were placed respectfully on the background of the platform and flags of our country and the Algerian Democratic and People's Republic were hanging on both sides.

Amid the enthusiastic applause, the attendants of the meeting unanimously adopted a letter addressed to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of revolution.

Vice-Chairman Musaka Sali of the Setif Provincial Committee of the Algerian National Liberation Front spoke to the audience first.

The Party members and the people in Setif Province, he said, express militant solidarity with the respected and beloved Leader Premier Kim Il Sung and the Korean people on the occasion of the month of solidarity with the Korean people.

Earlier, on June 24 a press interview was held in Algiers, the capital of Algeria, under the auspices of the National Liberation Front.

The Algerian paper **La République** carried an article.

In the Sudan: On June 25 the Foreign Ministry of the Sudan issued a statement denouncing the U.S. imperialist aggressors and expressing all-out solidarity with the Korean people in the struggle for the country's independent unification.

In Syria: The Syrian Afro-Asian People's Solidarity Committee issued a statement.

The Syrian people fully support the Korean people in their struggle against the U.S. imperialist aggressors, stressed the statement.

In Iraq: On June 29 a mass rally was held in Baghdad, the capital of Iraq.

Addressing the rally, representatives of many social organizations of Iraq voiced undivided support for the just struggle of the Korean people against the U.S. imperialist aggressors.

The Korean people, they said, will surely drive the U.S. imperialists out of South Korea and accomplish the cause of the country's unification.

Baghdad Observer and many other papers carried articles.

In the Congo(B): On July 15 the workers of a match factory in the People's Republic of the Congo had a mass meeting to express solidarity with the Korean people.

Placed respectfully on the background of the platform were a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, and a portrait of Marien Ngouabi, Head of State and President of the People's Republic of the Congo, and hanging on both sides were flags of our country and the Congo(B).

The attendants of the meeting unanimously adopted a letter addressed to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader.

The chairman of the factory trade union and many others took the floor at the meeting.

The speakers lashed at the U.S. imperialists for their forcible occupation of South Korea and new war provocation scheme and congratulated the heroic Korean people on their brilliant victory won under the sagacious leadership of the great Leader of the Korean people Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Earlier, on June 10 a solidarity meeting was held in Impfondo.

In his radio speech on June 25, Cloude Ernest Ndalla, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Congolese Labour Party, voiced the support of the Congolese people to the struggle of the Korean people for the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops from South Korea.

In Mali: On June 26 the members of the "Malian group for study of the history of revolutionary activities of Comrade Kim Il Sung" had a solidarity meeting.

A portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements, was placed respectfully on the background of the platform.

The attendants of the rally unanimously adopted a letter addressed to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the Korean people.

In his speech, the head of this group stressed that the Malian people express full support for and solidarity with the Korean people in their heroic struggle for forcing the U.S. imperialist aggressors out of South Korea and unifying the country independently.

In the USA: A great number of people staged a demonstration in New Haven denouncing the forcible occupation of South Korea by the U.S. imperialists and expressing solidarity with the Korean people.

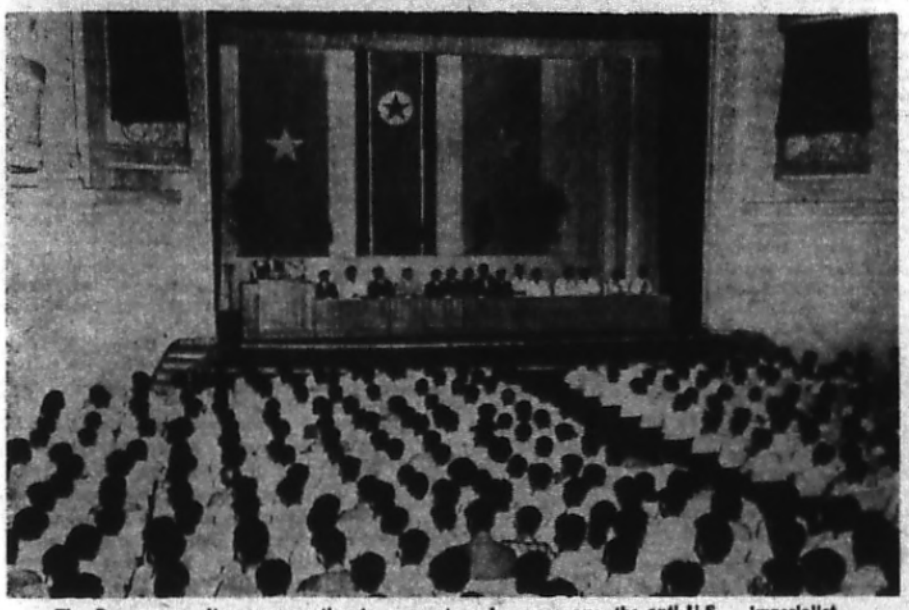
Demonstrators marched through the streets. Posters and handbills were distributed throughout the streets. Among them were the poster with a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of revolution and the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people and the slogan supporting the struggle of the Korean people for chasing out the U.S. imperialist aggressors and achieving the country's independent unification and the poster with bold-faced words quoted from the teaching of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung on the revolutionization of the whole society and a picture showing the stamina of our people who are vigorously advancing at the speed of Chollima.

(Continued on Page 12)

Korean People Will Do Everything

In Their Power to Support and Encourage the Fraternal Vietnamese People's Anti-U.S. Imperialist, National-Salvation Struggle in Future Too

Various Functions Held to Support and Encourage the Vietnamese People's Anti-U.S. Imperialist, National-Salvation Struggle



The Pyongyang city mass meeting to support and encourage the anti-U.S. imperialist, national-salvation struggle of the Vietnamese people

There were in Pyongyang and other parts of our country various functions to support and encourage the Vietnamese people's anti-U.S. imperialist, national-salvation struggle on the occasion of the "week of support to the Vietnamese people's anti-U.S. imperialist, national-salvation struggle."

Working people of Pyongyang, the capital of revolution, had a meeting on July 20 at the Moranbong Theatre and expressed firm solidarity with the brotherly Vietnamese people who are scoring brilliant victories and successes in their heroic struggle against the U.S. imperialist aggressors.

Hanging side by side above the rostrum in the meeting hall were the national flags of our country, the Democratic Republic of Vietnam and the Republic of South Vietnam, flags symbolic of the militant friendship and solidarity sealed between the Korean people and the Vietnamese people in their common struggle against the U.S. imperialists.

Present at the meeting together with working people in the city were Comrade Choi Yong Jin; Li Guk Ro, Presidium Member of the Central Committee of the Democratic Front for the Unification of the Fatherland; Chin Mun Dok, Minister of City Administration; An Sung Hak, Minister of Commerce; Kim Jae Bong, Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs; Chong Song Il, Vice-Chairman of the Pyongyang City People's Committee; Ho Chang Son, Vice-Chairman of the Central Committee of the General Federation of Trade Unions and Vice-Chairman of the Korea-Vietnam Friendship Association; Kang Byong Mo, Vice-Chairman of the Central Committee of the Union of Agricultural Working People; Kim Jong Suk, Vice-Chairman of the Central Committee of the League of Socialist Working Youth; and Ryang Chang Suk, Vice-Chairman of the Central Committee of the Korean Democratic Women's Union.

Invited there were Tran Viet Ha, Charge d'Affaires ad interim, and staff members, of the DRV Embassy in our country, and Nguyen Luong, Charge d'Affaires ad interim, and staff members, of the Embassy of the Republic of South Vietnam in our country, and Vietnamese students studying in our country.

The meeting was addressed by Vice-Chairman Ho Chang Son, Tran Viet Ha, Charge d'Affaires ad interim of the DRV Embassy, and Nguyen Luong, Charge d'Affaires ad interim of the Republic of South Vietnam.

After the meeting there was an art performance.

Earlier, there were meetings at the Kim Chaek Polytechnical Institute and at the Chollima colliery where Comrade Chang Dong Yun works and other factories and enterprises or schools in the country, and mass rallies in Hamhung and Wonsan.

A photo exhibition and a film show were held at the Chollima House of Culture under the co-sponsorship of the Committee for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries and the Korea-Vietnam Friendship Association.

Sure Victory Goes to Cuban People's Revolutionary Cause

The 17th anniversary of the armed uprising of the heroic Cuban people falls on July 26.

On this occasion, the Korean people extend the warmest felicitations and militant greetings to the fraternal Cuban people who are advancing vigorously in the forefront of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle, firmly defending the outpost of socialism in the Western Hemisphere with the uplifted banner of revolution.

An assault upon the Moncada barracks on July 26, 1953 made by the Cuban revolutionary fighters under the personal guidance of Comrade Fidel Castro, the national hero of the Cuban people, was a historic event which opened up a new phase in the struggle of the Cuban people for the country's independence and the people's freedom and liberation.

"By arms to the armed enemy!"—with this revolutionary slogan the Cuban revolutionaries and the patriotic people unfolded a valorous armed struggle after the armed uprising. This culminated in the final overthrow of the Batista dictatorial regime on January 1, 1959 and a great victory in the people's revolution.

Referring to the significance of the victory of the Cuban revolution, Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said as follows:

"The victory of the Cuban revolution is the first victory of socialist revolution won under the very nose of the United States, it is a continuation of the Great October Revolution in Latin America. It is a historic event that extended the socialist camp to the Western Hemisphere and marked a new turning point in the revolutionary movement in Latin America." (Kim Il Sung, *Selected Works*, Vol. IV, p. 329.)

After victory in revolution, the Cuban people under the correct leadership of the Communist Party and the Revolutionary Government of Cuba headed by Comrade Fidel Castro, the supreme Leader of the Cuban revolution, have scored brilliant successes in the socialist revolution and construction, bravely frustrating the incessant aggression and subversive machinations of the U.S. imperialists and defending with honour the revolutionary gains attained with blood.

A marked progress has been made in laying the foundations of socialist industry and a splendid victory achieved in the development of agriculture in particular.

A public education system has been established in Cuba. Thus in Latin America she has become the first country to completely wipe out illiteracy.

To cope with the aggressive menace of the U.S. imperialists, the Cuban people have accelerated economic construction on the one hand and on the other strengthened the defence capacity as firm as rock.

All the successes attained by the Cuban people in the revolution and construction are a clear demonstration of the advantages of the socialist system over the capitalist system and show that invincible is the strength of a people in power when they are under the leadership of the Marxist-Leninist Party.

The victorious advance of the Cuban revolution also greatly inspires the liberation struggle of the Latin American peoples and is a serious blow to the colonial system of U.S. imperialism in this area.

Flurried by the Cuban revolution and its great revolutionary influence, the U.S. imperialists are carrying on aggression and subversive activities without letup to strangle the Cuban revolution.

The Korean people sincerely rejoice as their own over all the achievements the Cuban people have attained in the socialist revolution and construction under difficult conditions in which they are standing directly opposed to the U.S. imperialists. The Korean people regard the aggressive machination of U.S. imperialism against Cuba as the one against themselves and scathingly denounce it.

The relations of friendship and co-operation between the Korean and Cuban peoples are strengthening and developing with every passing day in the joint struggle against U.S. imperialism and for victory in the cause of socialism and communism.

The Cuban people express all-out support for and solidarity with the Korean people in their struggle for the complete victory of socialism and the country's unification. This serves as a great encouragement to the struggle of the Korean people.

The Korean people who regard it as a sacred internationalist duty to defend the Cuban revolution fully support the correct policies and revolutionary stand of the Communist Party and the Revolutionary Government of Cuba and express firm solidarity with the Cuban people in their heroic struggle.

In the future, too, as in the past, the Korean people will do everything in their power to strengthen the friendship and solidarity with the fraternal Cuban people, holding aloft the banner of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism.

The revolutionary cause of the Cuban people against U.S. imperialism and for socialism and communism will surely be accomplished.

Cuban People's Friendship Delegation Arrives

A Cuban people's friendship delegation arrived in Pyongyang on July 22 by air for a visit to our country to attend the events of the "month of solidarity with the Cuban people."

The delegation headed by Lieutenant of Navy Abelardo Crespo, a participant in the attack on the Moncada barracks, consists of Carlos Gonzalez, a participant in the attack on the Moncada barracks and Director of the Administrative Department of the Ministry of Communications; Pedro Emilio Castro, functionary of the Ministry of Labour; and Alberdo Beri and Jose Luis Ochoa, State Labour Heroes who harvested more than 200,000 *arroba* of sugar cane.

Delegation Headed by Foreign Minister of People's Republic of the Congo Arrives

A delegation headed by Auxence Ickonga, Foreign Minister of the People's Republic of the Congo, arrived in Pyongyang on July 22 by air for a visit to our country.

The delegation consists of the wife of the Foreign Minister of the People's Republic of the Congo; Nicolas Mondjo, Representative of the People's Republic of the Congo to the UN; Bounkoulou Benjamin, Director of the Political Department of the Foreign Ministry; and Biene Francois, Councillor of the Embassy of the People's Republic of the Congo in our country.

Chairman of Women's International Democratic Federation Here

Hertta Kuusinen, Chairman of the Women's International Democratic Federation, arrived in Pyongyang on July 22 by air for a visit to our country at the invitation of the Central Committee of the Korean Democratic Women's Union.

We Warmly Hail National Holiday of UAR People

July 23 this year marks the 18th anniversary of the national holiday of the United Arab Republic.

On this occasion, the Korean people extend warm congratulations and greetings to the UAR people who are waging a valorous struggle against the U.S. imperialists and the Israeli aggressors and for upholding the independence of the country and regaining the occupied Arab territories.

On July 23, 1952, the patriotic armymen and people of the UAR overthrew the reactionary monarchy of Faruk, the faithful stooge of the British imperialists, and carried out the revolution victoriously, which marked an epochal turning-point in the history of their country. After the revolution, the UAR people under the leadership of President Nasser have waged a vigorous struggle against the U.S.-led imperialists and their stooges Israeli aggressors and for defending national independence and achieved great successes in the struggle for the building of a new society.

After the revolution, the UAR people have scored tremendous successes in the struggle against the foreign imperialist forces and their accomplices home reactionary forces in the way of the country's development.

Foreign monopolies which held the control of the main economic arteries of the country and the reactionary big landowners have been liquidated and the stooges of the imperialists removed from the state administrative organs. The UAR people have built numerous factories and enterprises for the prosperity and development of the country and trained a great number of national cadres.

Externally, the UAR government and people develop the relations of friendship with the socialist countries and actively support the national-liberation struggle of the Asian, African and Latin-American peoples.

Today, the U.S. imperialists and the Israeli aggressors are perpetrating aggressive acts against the UAR people in an undisguised way.

The U.S. imperialists are continuously supplying the Zionists with large quantities of military equipment and lethal weapons including planes and tanks in an attempt to unleash a new aggressive war against the Arab countries. And the Israeli aggressors who are acting in a very overbearing manner with the active support and encouragement from their U.S. imperialist master, are daily intensifying military provocations against the UAR and other Arab countries.

All these facts clearly show that the U.S. imperialists and their stooges Zionists are viciously attempting to perpetuate the illegal occupation of the Arab territories and to place more Arab territories under their control.

With no base schemes, however, can the U.S. imperialists either subdue the UAR people steadfastly advancing along the road of anti-imperialism and independence or attain their dirty aggressive end.

Under the militant slogan "The Arab territories can be regained only by an armed struggle" the UAR people are now resolutely countering the military provocations and the threat and blackmail of the U.S. imperialists and the Israeli aggressors. Recently President Nasser stated: "We will never give in and will continue the liberation struggle." This statement reflects the firm determination of the UAR people to fight to the end against the U.S. imperialists and the Israeli aggressors.

The valorous UAR people are not only repulsing the provocations of the enemies with success but also are making counter-attacks on the scoundrels on their own initiative, thus driving them into a tight corner.

The anti-U.S. imperialist, anti-Israeli struggle of the UAR people is an important link in the anti-imperialist joint struggle of the world people and makes a great contribution to the national cause of the Arab people and the anti-imperialist, national-liberation cause of the world people.

The just struggle of the UAR people against the U.S. imperialists and the Israeli aggressors enjoys unreserved support of the peoples the world over.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, pointed out in his telegram of greetings sent to President Nasser of the United Arab Republic:

"The Korean people sincerely rejoice over all the successes made by the friendly UAR people in the creation of a new life and express full support to and firm solidarity with their just struggle against U.S. imperialism and the Zionists."

The UAR people denounce the occupation of South Korea by the U.S. imperialist aggressors and always support the righteous struggle of the Korean people for the unification of the fatherland. This is a great encouragement to the Korean people in their struggle.

The Korean people who value highly the friendship and solidarity with the UAR people, will always march ahead hand in hand with the UAR people in the joint struggle for the consolidation of national independence and the independent development of the country holding aloft the revolutionary banner of anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle.

Two Lackeys' Criminal Plot behind the Smokescreen of Clamour for "Reduction" of U.S. Imperialist Aggressor Troops

The Japanese militarists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique held what is called the "fourth regular South Korea-Japan ministerial meeting" under the wirepulling of U.S. imperialism in Seoul for three days from July 21.

At the meeting the scoundrels, it is reported, "reviewed the relations of the two countries in general and the international situation" and discussed the problems of "economic co-operation" between South Korea and Japan and of "promotion of trade" between them and many others, and rigged up "a joint statement" as usual.

This bespeaks that the recent noisy clamour of the U.S. imperialist aggressors for "reduction" of their troops occupying South Korea has occasioned ever tighter collusion between the Japanese militarists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

Originally, the "regular South Korea-Japan ministerial meeting" is a product of the aggressive policy cooked up by the U.S. imperialists so as to frame up an aggressive military alliance with Japanese militarism as the axis. The Japanese militarists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are carrying forward their criminal tie-up through operation of this machinery.

At the recent close-door meeting, the ruffians had discussions centring around the "problem of reduction of U.S. troops stationed in South Korea," and blustered that Japan would "give active co-operation" in "promotion of the defence of South Korea" for the so-called "security" of both South Korea and Japan. And this readily found its place in the "joint statement."

This, needless to say, is an offspring of the criminal manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialist aggressors who are trying hard to bring the Japanese militarists and the South Korean puppets into a tighter military compact, covering up their black-hearted ulterior motives behind the smokescreen of clamour for the "reduction" of their troops occupying South Korea.

Just before the opening of the current meeting the knave Aichi, one of the top-class servitors of the Japanese militarists, raved that the occupation of South Korea by the U.S. imperialist aggressor army proves a "restraint of war" and the like. More, he blabbed at the meeting that the "most strenuous effort" would be exerted to "further strengthen the relations of friendship and co-operation between South Korea and Japan." This lays bare the vicious attempt of the Japanese militarists to further strengthen the military tie-up with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and commit military aggression against South Korea. This also is a clear-cut proof of the criminal nature of the recent closed-door confab.

With the trick for "U.S. army reduction" as a momentum, Sato and other Japanese militarists blustered without hesitation that they would "study a plan for Japan to defend South Korea on her own" and "exert all efforts necessary for making South Korea stronger" and dispatched the vice-director of their "self-defence agency" in political affairs to South Korea to hold a closed-door confab on military affairs. This gives a clear answer to the question of what their loudly advertised "co-operation" means.

This time, too the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, the despicable dual stooges of U.S. imperialism and Japanese militarism, curried favour with the Japanese militarists, their old master, according to the aggressive demand of the U.S. imperialists, and thus revealed the ugly nature of a quisling once again.

In fact, the problem of "economic co-operation" discussed by the Japanese militarists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique at the "meeting" is designed for the former to dominate and control the South Korean economy in an all-round way and, on this basis, to force the political subordination upon South Korea increasingly and push ahead with the military aggression for more active co-operation in the new war provocation scheme of the U.S. imperialists.

All this shows clearly how indiscreet efforts the Japanese reactionaries and the South Korean puppets are making to intensify their criminal conspiracy under the manipulation of the U.S. imperialists behind the smokescreen of their aggressive trick for "reduction of the U.S. army."

This, however, is nothing but a death-bed struggle of those who are mad about aggression and treachery.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said as follows:

"Only by overthrowing the U.S. imperialist forces of aggression and their henchmen, can the South Korean people achieve freedom and liberation, and only by foiling the Japanese militarist attempt at re-aggression, can they extricate themselves from the danger of new calamities." (Kim Il Sung, *Selected Works*, Vol. IV, p. 390.)

If the Japanese militarists, oblivious of the lessons of history, should further stretch out their tentacles of re-aggression to South Korea to follow the path of aggression and war against the Korean people, joining hands with U.S. imperialism in its policy of aggression, our people will sweep away for good the scoundrels, the U.S. imperialists and their stooges Pak Jung Hi puppet clique all together.

(Continued from Page 10)

They loudly shouted the slogans: "Bring back the U.S. troops from South Korea!" and "We express solidarity with the Korean people!"

In Denmark: On June 25, citizens of Copenhagen, the capital of Denmark, staged a demonstration denouncing the U.S. imperialist war maniacs who ignited the perfidious aggressive war against the Korean people and are now on the rampage to unleash another war.

Carrying placards bearing the militant slogan "Yankees, get out of Korea!" they held an anti-U.S. imperialist demonstration in front of the U.S. embassy in the city. Demonstrators condemned with surging indignation the U.S. imperialists for their aggressive manoeuvrings against the Korean people.

In Sweden: On June 25 a demonstration and mass meeting were held in Stockholm, the capital of Sweden, in support of the righteous struggle of the Korean people against the U.S. imperialist aggressors.

At the meeting held after the anti-U.S. imperialist demonstration, the attendants unanimously adopted a letter addressed to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

The demonstrators marched ahead with the national flag of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea at the head.

They carried the placards with the slogans: "The unification of Korea should be realized by the Korean people themselves, on a democratic basis and peacefully, without any interference of outside forces!" and with cartoons and panels showing the world people pressing hard the throat of the U.S. imperialist aggressors.

Columns of demonstrators stopped in front of the U.S. embassy and held an anti-U.S. imperialist mass rally there, expressing militant solidarity with the Korean people fighting heroically against U.S. imperialism.

Scattered in many places of the city that day were handbills exposing and denouncing the unpardonable criminal acts of U.S. imperialism who unleashed the aggressive war in Korea.

In Chile: The Chilean paper **El Siglo** carried an editorial.

Pointing out that the war in Korea was started by the aggressor, U.S. imperialism, it denounced the U.S. imperialists for their monstrous atrocities committed in Korea.

The editorial stressed that the U.S. imperialists not only suffered setbacks in the war but also miscalculated the might of post-war Korea.

A Delegation of the Sudan-Korea Friendship Association Here

A delegation of the Sudan-Korea Friendship Association headed by its Secretary-General Yahia Elawad arrived in Pyongyang on July 22 by air for a visit to our country.

A Delegation of the Uruguay-Korea Friendship Association Here

A delegation of the Uruguay-Korea Friendship Association headed by its member Luisa Nahson De Cabrera arrived in Pyongyang on July 22 by air for a visit to our country.

A Delegation of the National Union of Agricultural Workers of Algeria Arrives

A delegation of the National Union of Agricultural Workers of Algeria headed by Sadka Alraoua, National Secretary in Charge of Agriculture of the General Union of Workers of Algeria, arrived in Pyongyang on July 22 by air for a visit to our country.

Sudanese guests

Uruguayan guests

Algerian guests

Correction

The 4th line from the bottom, 4th col., Page 1, No. 30 of our paper dated July 20, 1970 should read. "49th anniversary"

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